SKA Data Challenge 3a results & goals



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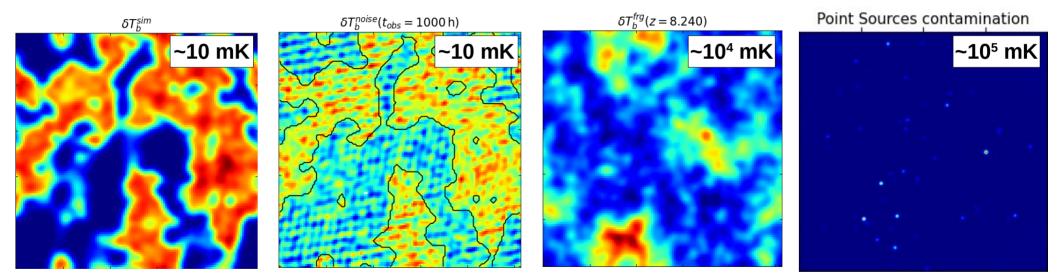


SKACH meeting, Neuchâtel

Wed, 22 Jan. 2024

Real Space: 21-cm Observations

Currently we can create EoR mock observation with a combination of numerical models for 21-cm, systematic noise and foregrounds.

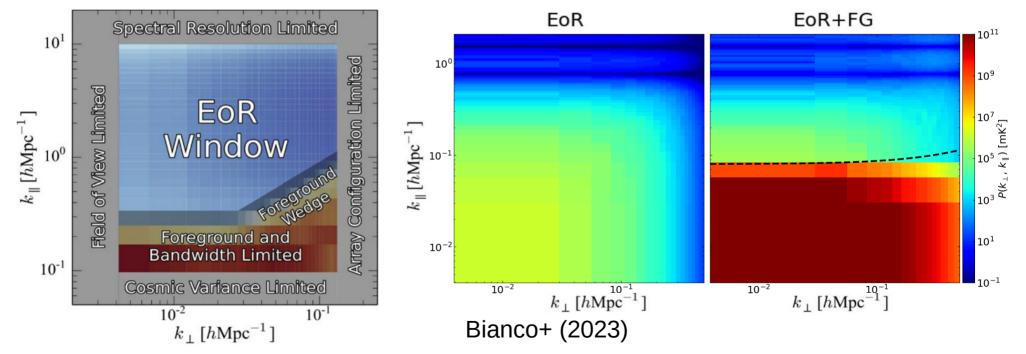


<u>Goal:</u>

Recover 21-cm differential brightness and the distribution of neutral hydrogen from SKA-Low mock observations.

Fourier Space: 21-cm 2D Power Spectra

Fourier transformation of the 21-cm lightcone tomographic dataset provide the 2D power spectra.



Remove k-modes contaminated by foreground with **avoidance** technique model for **substract** the foreground contribuiton

SDC3 Data

Data stored on Piz Daint, stored at: /store/ska/sk01 Image Products/Files

- ZW2.msw_image.fits → uniform weighting data cube
- ZW2.msw_psf.fits → uniform weighting psf
- ZW2.msn_image.fits → natural weighting data cube
- ZW2.msn_psf.fits \rightarrow natural weighting psf
- station_beam.fits \rightarrow time-averaged station beam cube
- ZW2.%s_image.md5 → checksum file for ZW2.%s_image.fits
 Measurement sets visibilities
- ZW2_IFRQ_%04d.ms \rightarrow 900 MS at frequency channel



Image cube Data integrated over time

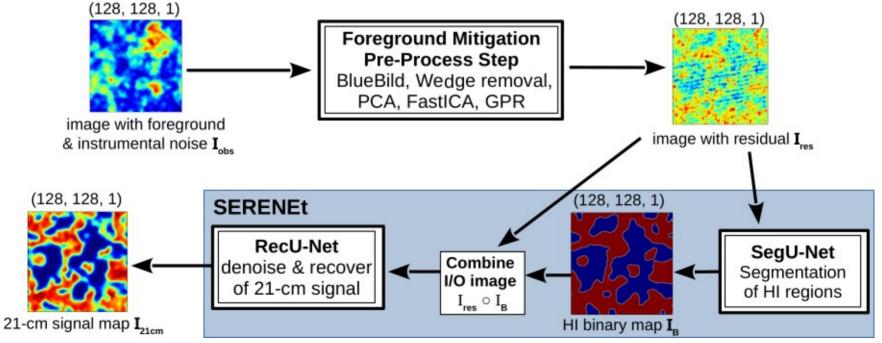


Calibrated visibilities Data in 1400 "timesteps"

SERENEt

SEgmentation and REgression NEtwork

Combine the predicted binary maps of **SegU-Net** as additional input of **Rec-Unet** training step in order to include prior in the network training.

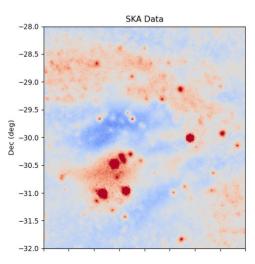


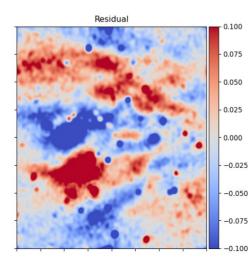
SKACH 840k core-h and GPU-h allocation projects at Pitz Daint @ CSCS

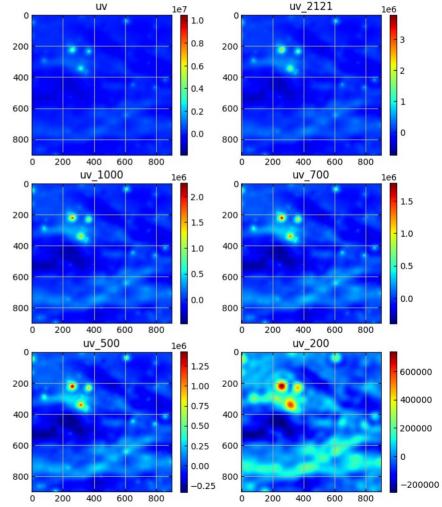
SERENEt Pre-Process Step

Application of pre-process to tomographic data images for 166–181 MHz.

• Point source subtraction: V^{21-cm} ≈ V^{21cm+point} _ V^{point}



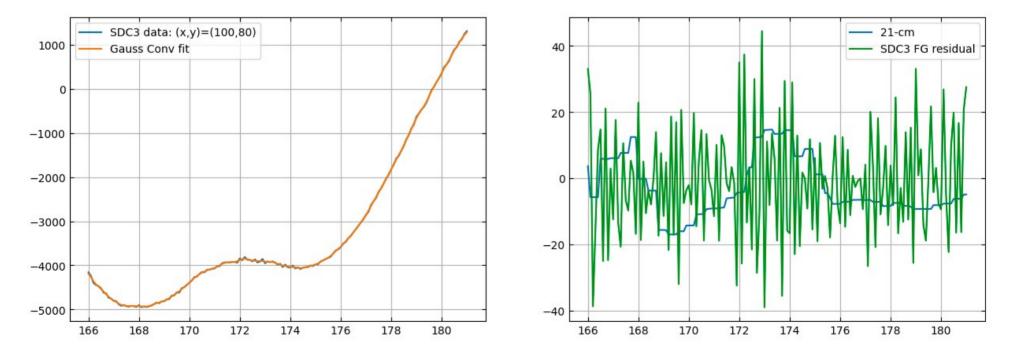




SERENEt Pre-Process Step

Application of pre-process to the SKACH simulated data for the SDC3 tomographic data images for 166–181 MHz.

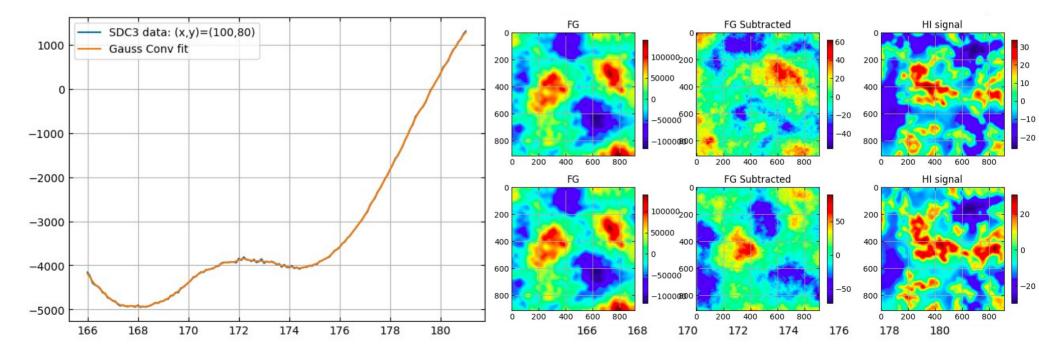
• Polynomial fitting of the signal in the frequency direction (LoS)



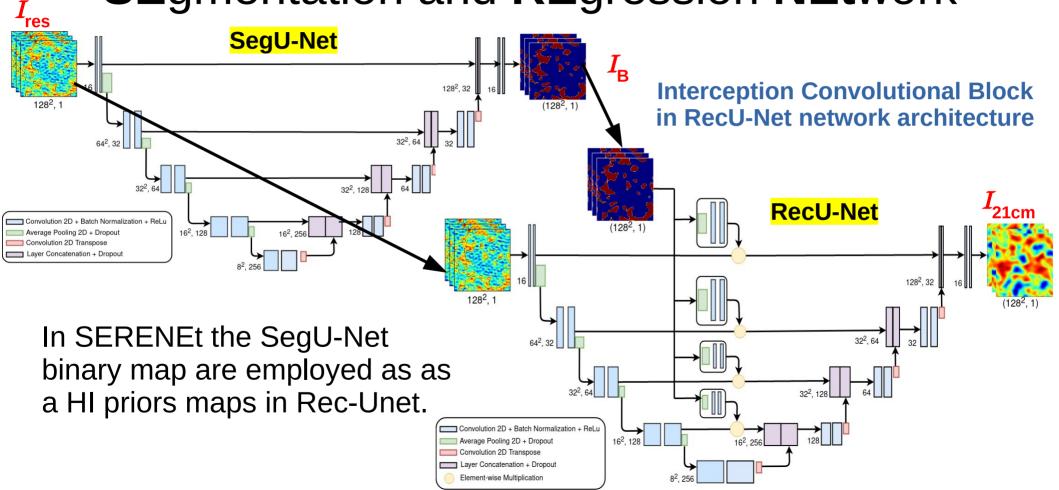
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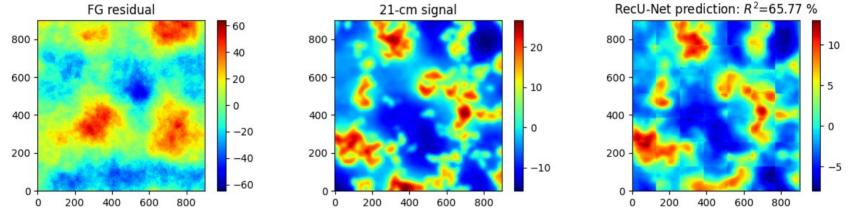
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SERENEt SEgmentation and REgression NEtwork

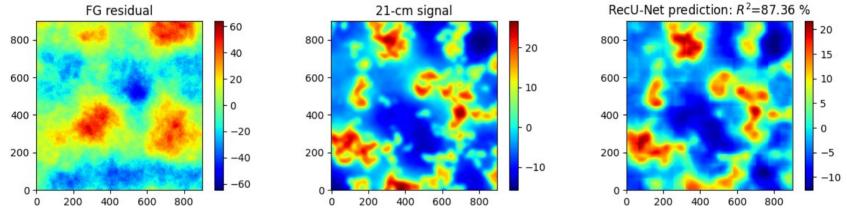


Prediction on the SKACH simulated data at 166–181 MHz.



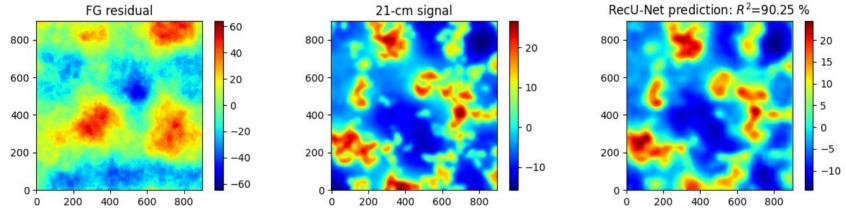
Iterative prediction with trained SERENEt neural network and for overlapping regions on the same 21-cm image at a given frequency.

Prediction on the SKACH simulated data at 166–181 MHz.



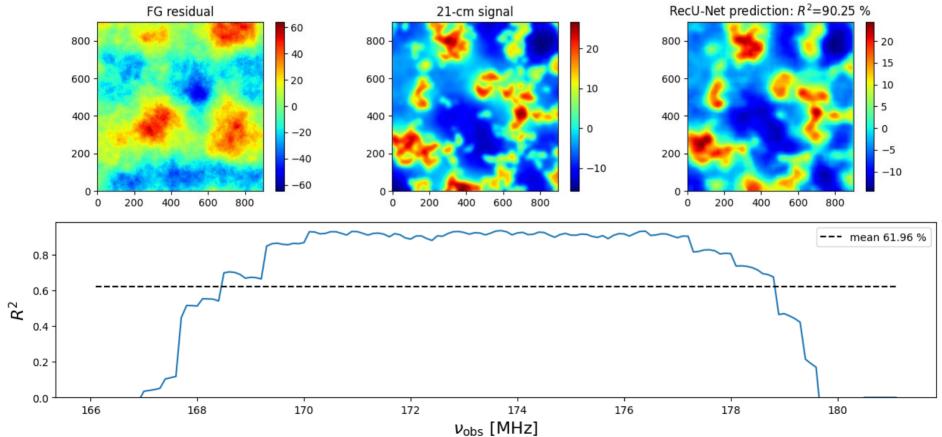
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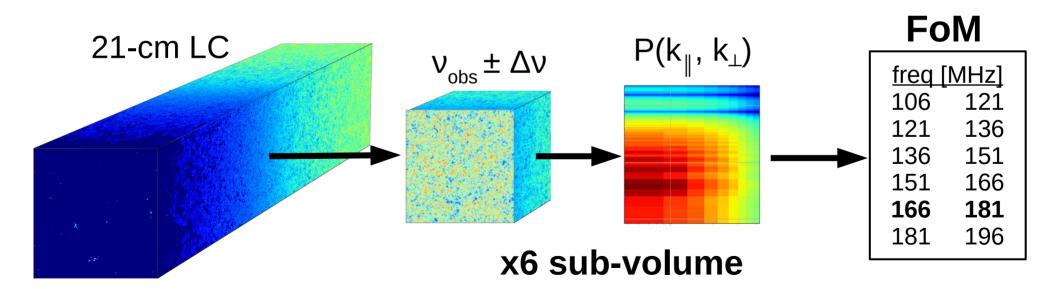
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Prediction on the SKACH simulated data at 166–181 MHz.



SDC3 Scoring System

The Figure of Merit (FoM) based on *"metric distance"* between the true and recovered spectra for **6 sub-volume** at a central frequency v_{obs} and width Δv



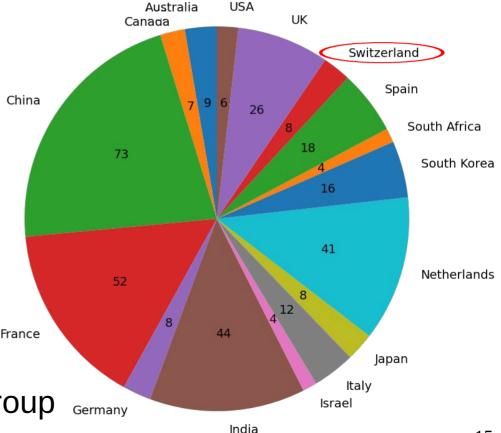
Science Data Challenge 3

Overview

A total of 33 teams partecipated for a total of 336 partecipants from 16 different nations.

Majority of the contestants from:

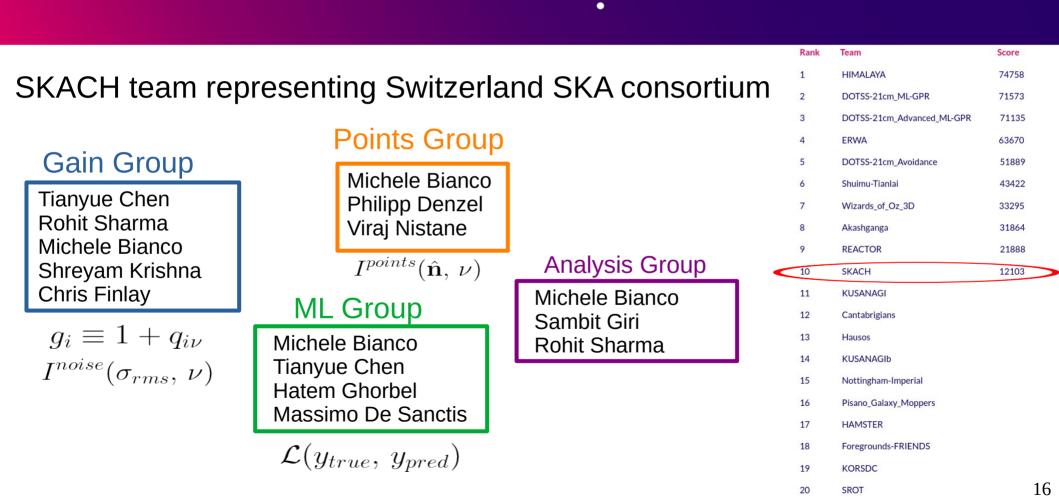
- China (73)
- France (52): LoTSS LOFAR group
- India (44): GMRT group in Pune
- Netherland (41): LoTSS LOFAR group Germ



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Science Data Challenge 3

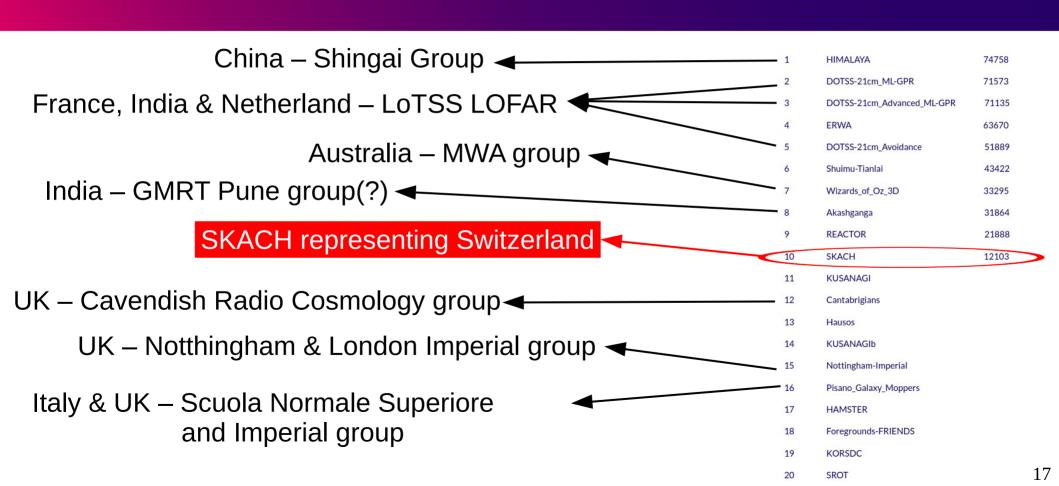
Overview



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Science Data Challenge 3

Overview

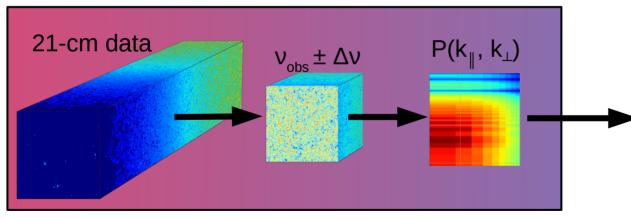


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SDC3 – Foreground & Inference

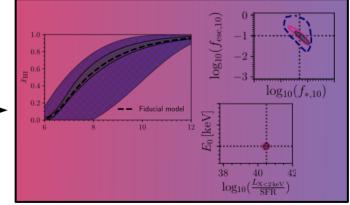
The goal of the SDC3 is to simulate the full pipeline of SKA-Low data calibration and cosmological & astrophysical inference.

SDC3a - Foreground



- Took place between Mar Set 2023
- Ongoing: writing of a SDC summary results
- (SKACH team separated paper publication)

SDC3b - Inference



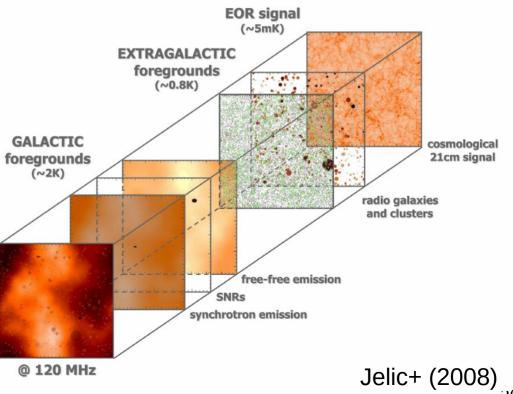
- Registration expected 2024(?)
- SDC3b start in 2025(?)
- Ongoing discussion: data sintetic

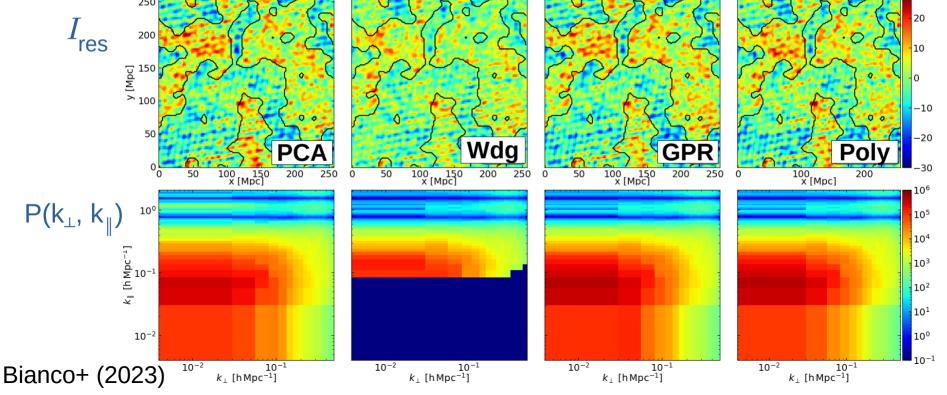
Support Slides

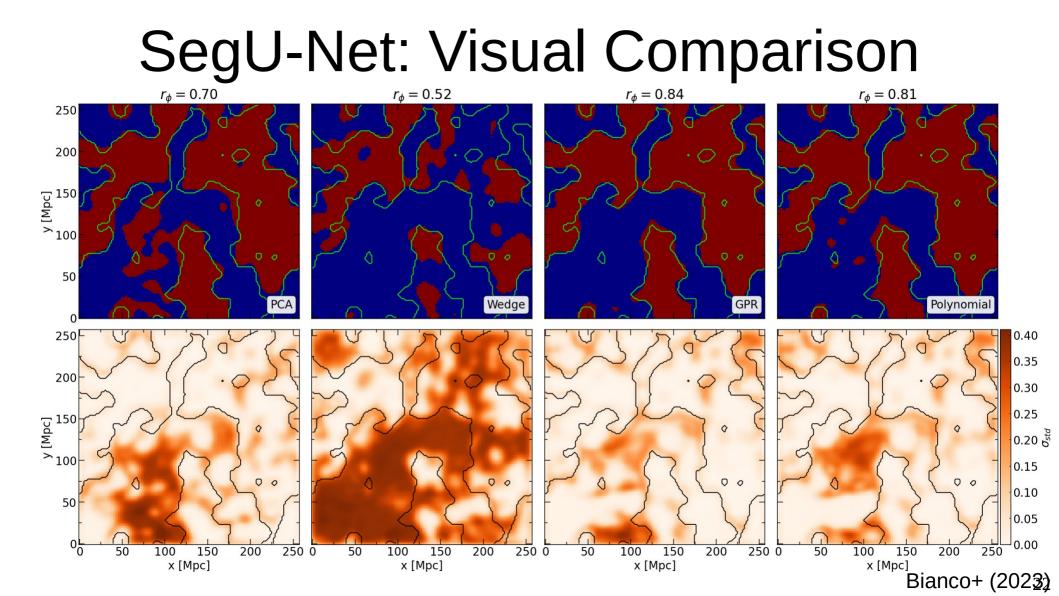
Tomographic Imaging of the 21-cm signal

SKA1-Low tomographic images of redshifted 21-cm signal challenges:

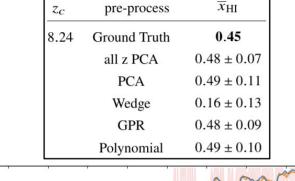
- Instrumental noise (signal ~ 5 K)
- Foreground emission (signal ~ 1 - 1000 K)
- Antennas gain errors
- Ionospheric refraction effects
- Radio frequency interference
- And more ...

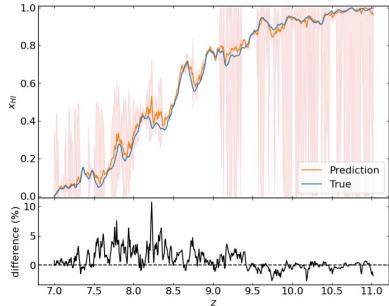


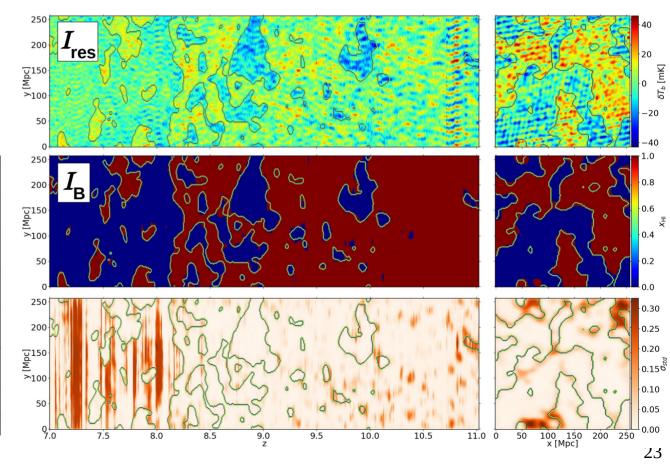




SegU-Net: <u>Tomographic Data & Reionization History</u>







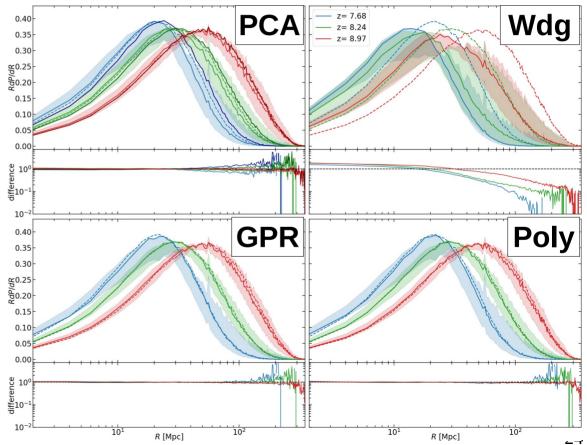
SegU-Net: HI size distribution

The Island Size Distribution (ISD): statistical distribution of HI regions during EoR (Giri+ 2018)

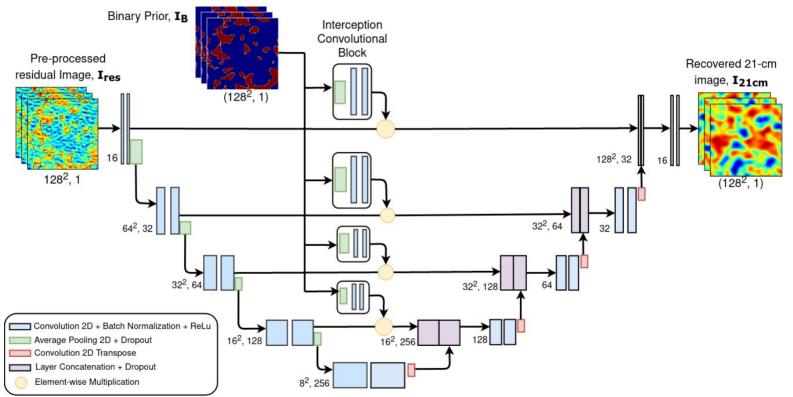
$$\overline{R}_C(z) = \int_{R_{\min}}^{\infty} R \, \frac{dP}{dR}(z) \, dR$$

SegU-Net results:

 \overline{R}_C [cMpc] pre-process Zc 29.54 Ground Truth 8.24 $31.37^{+3.09}_{-3.93}$ all z PCA $27.65^{+9.13}_{-6.12}$ PCA $15.20^{+24.13}_{-6.18}$ Wedge $29.14^{+5.26}_{-4.89}$ GPR $29.21^{+5.83}_{-5.21}$ Polynomial

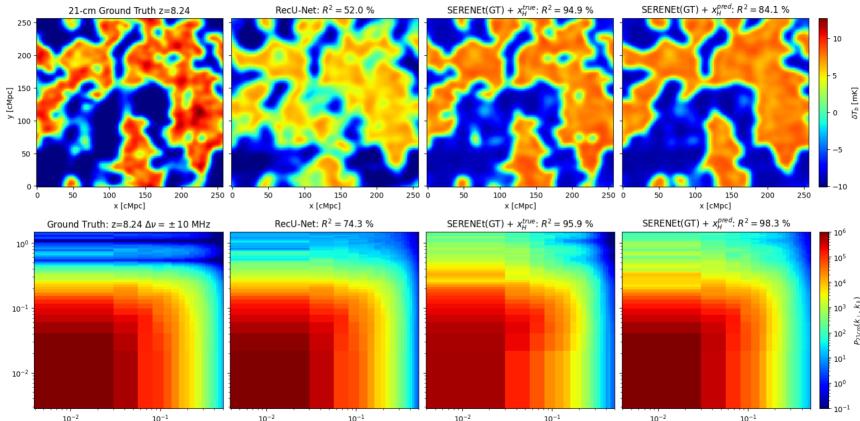


RecU-Net: Recover 21-cm with U-Net (Bianco+ in prep.)



U-Net architecture with intercepting convolution block to process the binary prior map from SegU-Net

SERENEt: Recover of 21-cm Signal (Bianco+ in prep.)



Recovered 21-cm signal for EoR for lightcone subvolume centered at redshift z = 8.25 ($x_{HI} \sim 0.5$) and $\Delta v = 20$ MHz on PCA pre-process images

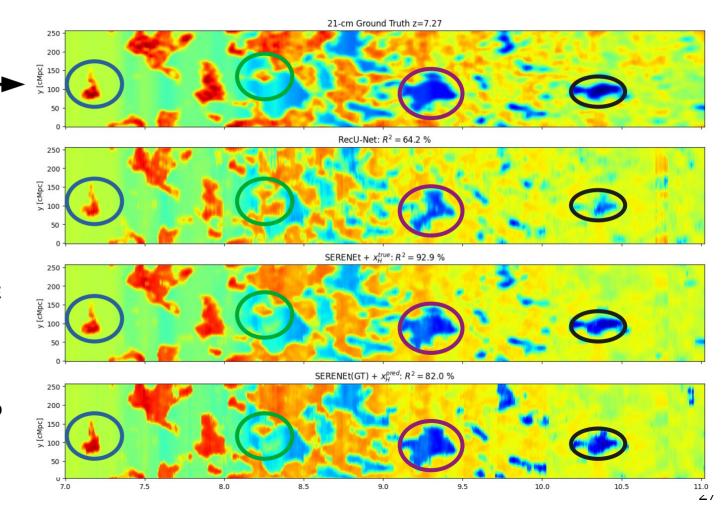
SERENEt: Recover of 21-cm Signal

Ground Truth at z = 7.27

RecU-Net (no prior) $R^2 = 64.2 \%$

SERENEt(**GT**) + x_{H}^{TRUE} R² = 92.9 %

SERENEt(GT) + X_{H}^{PRED} R² = 82.9 %



SERENEt: Recover of 21-cm Signal

Coefficient of determination: **R**² score VS redshift evolution to quantify the accuracy of SERENEt foreground mitigation pipeline:

- SERENEt(GT) + X_HTRUE upper limit based on best prior binary map (ground truth)
- SERENEt(GT) + X_H^{PRED} next best results when compared to RecU-Net

