

How to mock a radio sky – empirical models with multiple populations for future SKAO surveys

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Carmelita Carbone
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Andrea Lapi

Preparatory science: “what do we expect to see?”

Models of the expected datasets are necessary

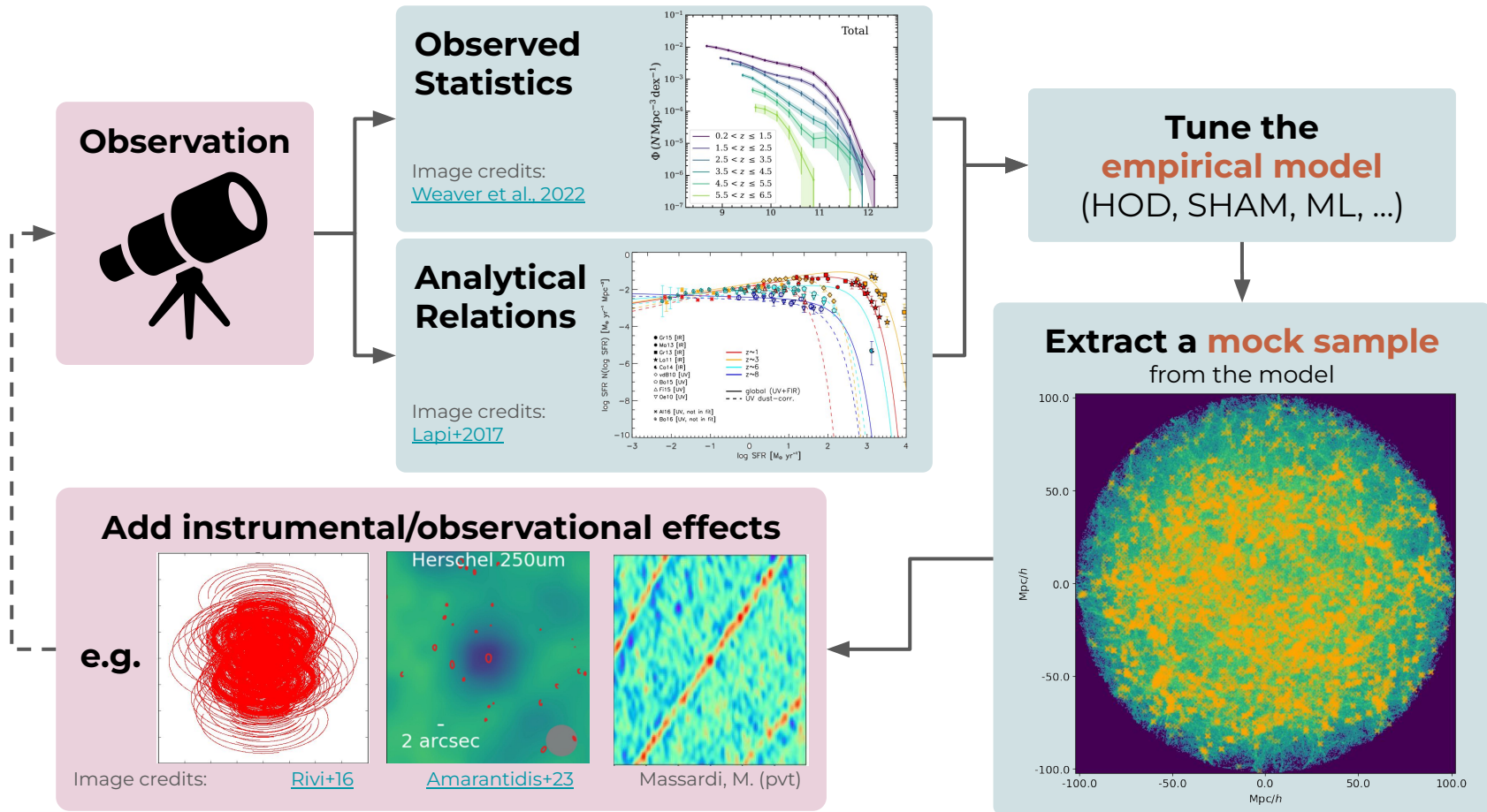
- to best **design surveys** that meet the various scientific objectives
- to **understand the computational and data analysis challenges** posed by the new observations
- to **test/demonstrate** the validity of ideas and **approaches being developed** for the specific experiment or synergies between experiments

Empirical methods

(not hydrodynamical nor semi-analytical)

- **built on top of DM-only N-body sims**
- no explicit modelling of baryonic physics
- tuned on observational relations
- realistic (by construction) → forecasting results from obs.

How to cook an empirical sky simulation



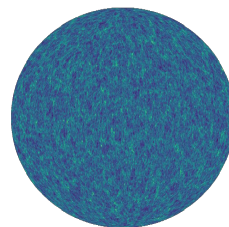
“Painting” empirical sources: the ingredients

CANVAS:

- Simulate a **Dark-Matter light-cone** (full-sky) $z < 8$
 - detect DM-haloes (i.e. hosts of clusters)
 - detect sub-haloes (i.e. hosts of galaxies)



DEMNUNI



PAINT:

- Generate a **mock-catalogue of realistic sources**:
 - Active Galactic Nuclei
 - Star Forming Galaxies
 - HI Galaxies



T-RECS



BRUSH:

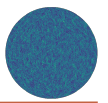
- **Link** the first to the second with **clustering properties from observations** (i.e. the spatial distribution of object has the same statistical properties of the observed sky)



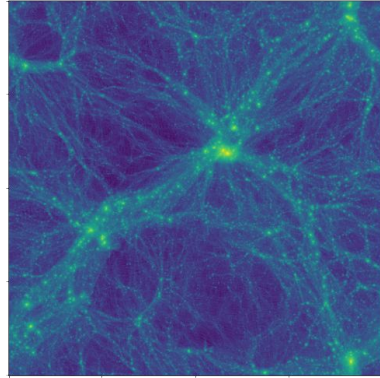
SCAMPy



DEMNUi full-sky light-cone



DEMNUi DM Field

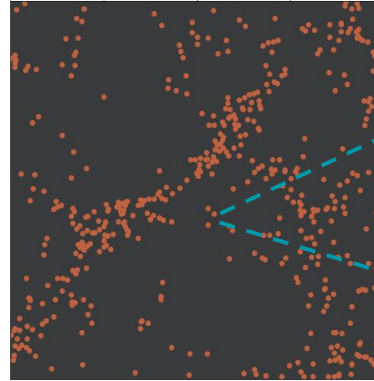


flat Λ CDM with
Planck 2013 parameters

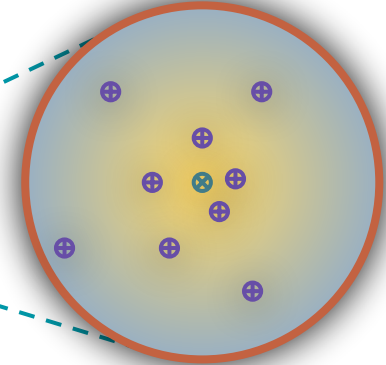
group the
particles



DM Haloes

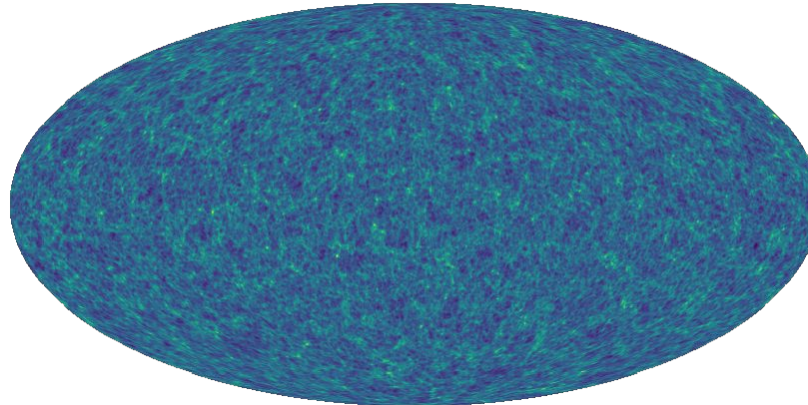


Sub-Haloes



full-sky light-cone

Periodicity
allows
box tiling



- **Redshift:** $0 < z < 8$
- $N_{\text{haloes}} \sim 39 \times 10^9$
- $N_{\text{subhaloes}} \sim 44 \times 10^9$
- **radius** ~ 6 cGpc/h
- $M_{\text{halo}} > 10^{10} M_{\odot}/h$

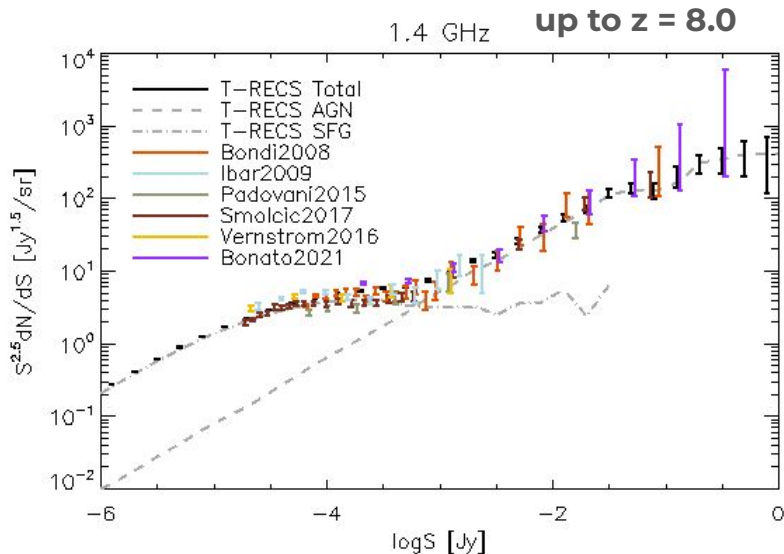
[e.g. [Parimbelli, et al., 2022](#),
[Verza et al., 2024](#)]

T-RECS: mocking extragalactic radio sources



- **Radio Continuum**

from 150 MHz to 15 GHz

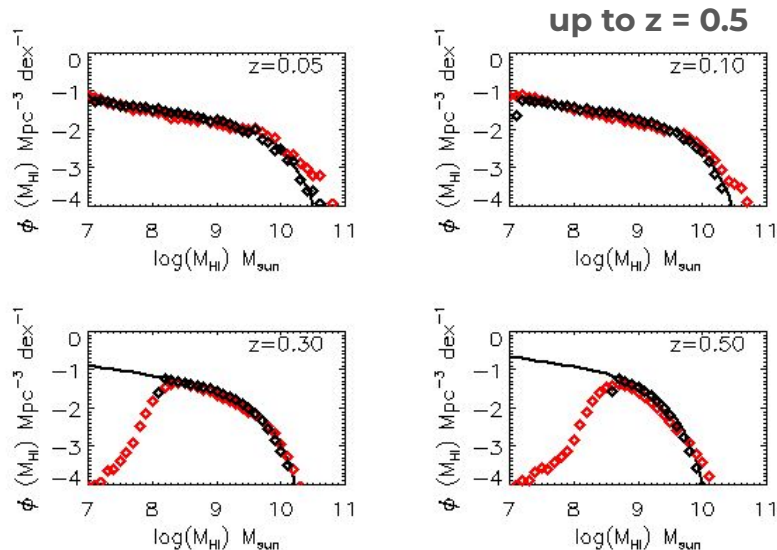


Emitted by: **Ionized Gas**
Traces: **SF, Nuclear Accretion**

↔
**Modelled
separately!**

- **HI galaxies**

— theory ◆ TRECS HI gxys ◆ TRECS cross.



Emitted by: **Neutral Gas**
Traces: **Gas Reservoir to SF & AGN**

[[Bonaldi et al., 2019](#); [2023, including TR, 2023](#)]

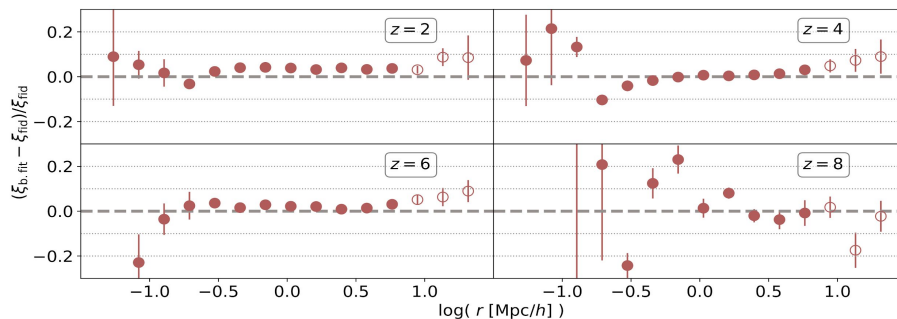
The SCAMPy toolkit



Designed for:
**Subhalo Clustering & Abundance
Matching (SCAM)**

Tuned on: **1- & 2-point statistics of target population:**

- **First Step: HOD** \Rightarrow Clustering properties matched

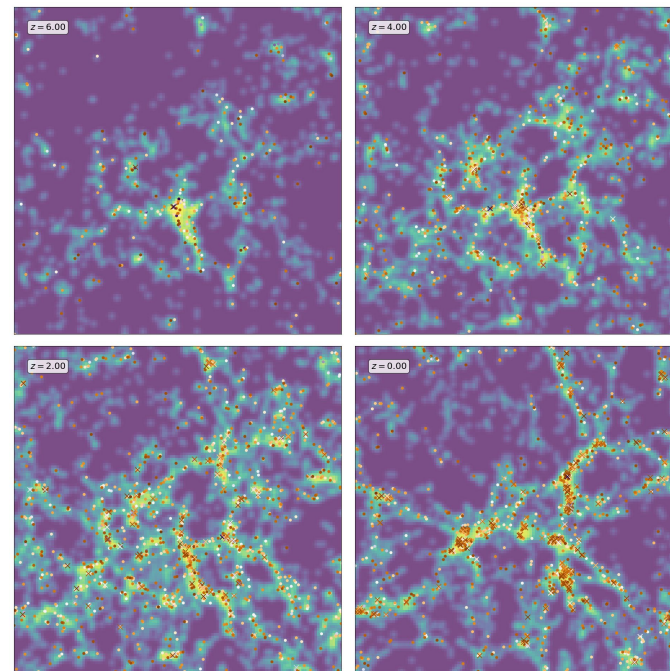


- **Second Step: SHAM** \Rightarrow Observational property matched

- ✓ Add unlimited number of baryonic properties
- ✓ Very fast!

- ✗ Scatter added “by-hand”
- ✗ Properties un-correlated

Resulting Catalogues



Public library on GitHub + docs on RTD
([Ronconi et al., 2020](#), v2.0 in α -testing)

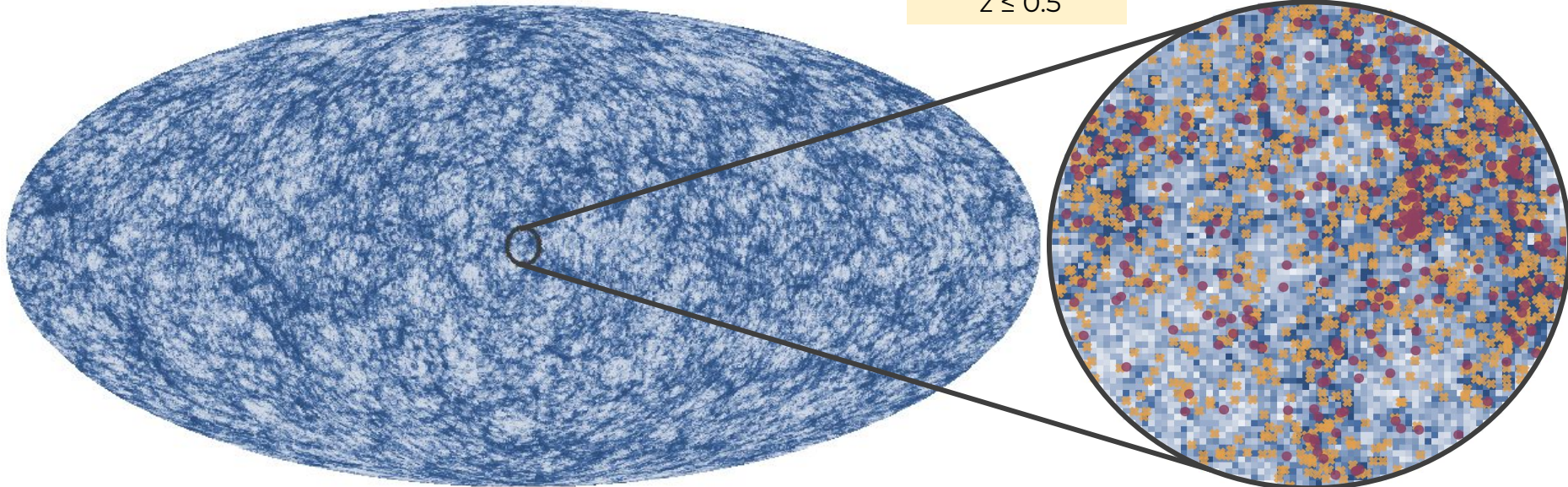
+ for EoR-people: toy-re-ionization morphologies (ask if interested)

The simulated radio sky: cross-catalogues for free

HI Galaxies

shown here:
 $z \leq 0.5$

+ (SFG + AGN)



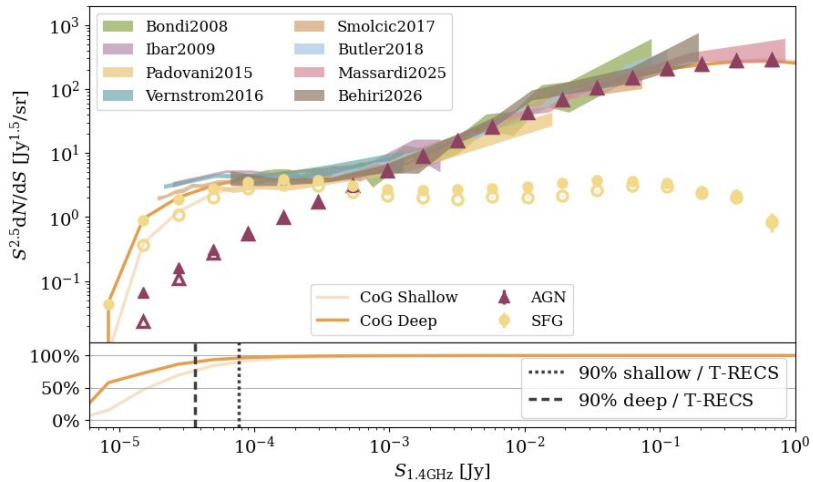
We made them in 2 flavours:

- **shallow:** constrained by observations (1+2 point from [Hale+2018](#), [Martin+2012](#))
- **deep:** extrapolated to SKA-Mid proposed surveys (see e.g. [SKA Cosmology SWG, 2020](#))

This is the sky we would like to see:

- ✓ included: observational limits of the population
- ✗ not included: instrumental effects, systematics, foregrounds

Simulated sources number counts



| | limit $S_{1.4\text{GHz}}$ | limit $S_{21\text{cm}}$ |
|---------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Shallow | 8×10^{-5} Jy | 2 Jy · Hz |
| Deep | 4×10^{-5} Jy | 0.3 Jy · Hz |

Continuum Galaxies

Surface density of sources per **flux** bin

→ shallow: $N_{\text{tot}}(z < 5) \sim 2.2 \times 10^8$

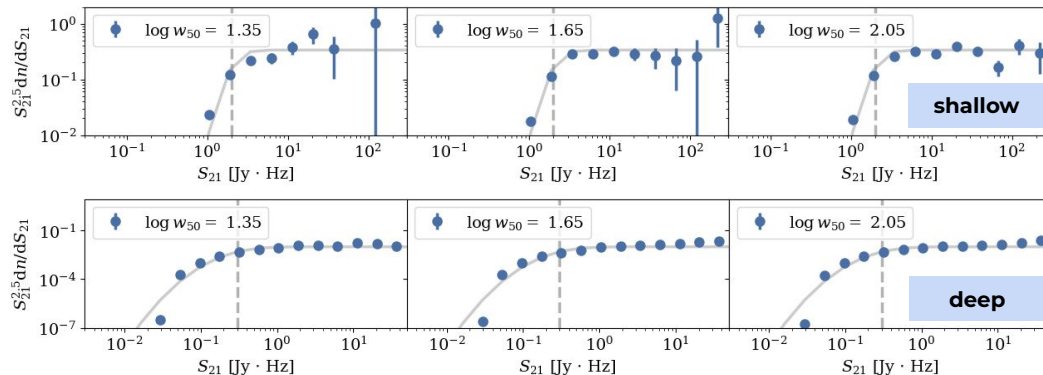
→ deep: $N_{\text{tot}}(z < 5) \sim 3.7 \times 10^8$

HI Galaxies

Surface density of sources per **flux** bin
per **linewidth** bin

→ shallow: $N_{\text{tot}}(z < 0.5) \sim 5 \times 10^7$

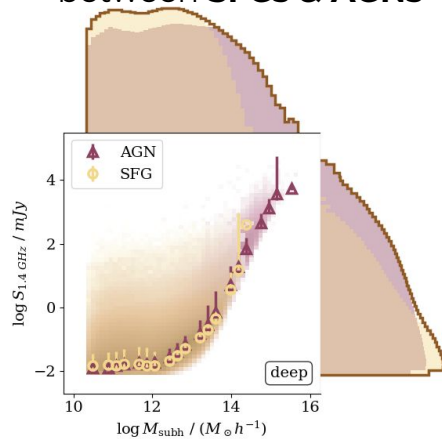
→ deep: $N_{\text{tot}}(z < 0.5) \sim 7.2 \times 10^8$



Baryonic VS Dark Properties

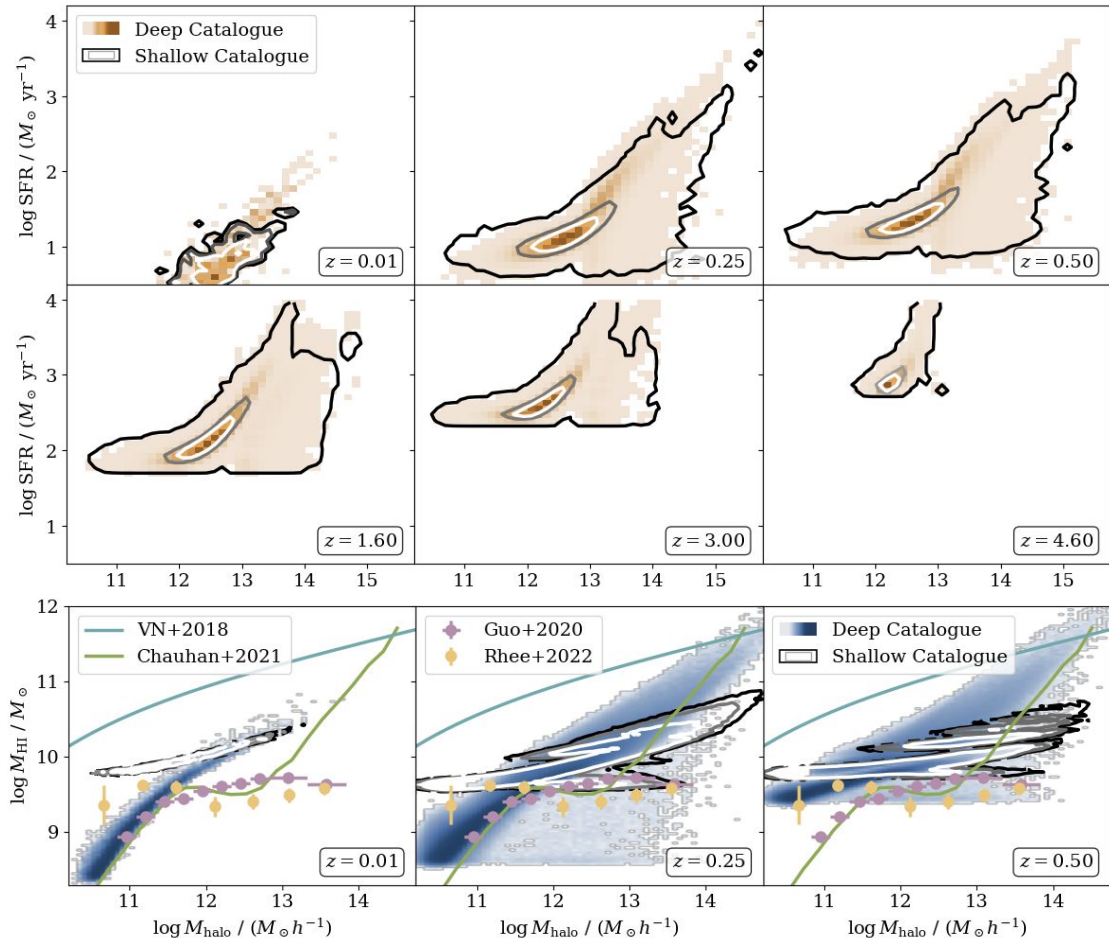
- **Continuum Galaxies**

- SFR - M_{halo} relation
- mass-segregation between **SFGs & AGNs**



- **HI Galaxies**

- $M_{\text{HI}} - M_{\text{halo}}$ relation
- reasonable agreement at low z and low M_{halo} w.r.t. literature

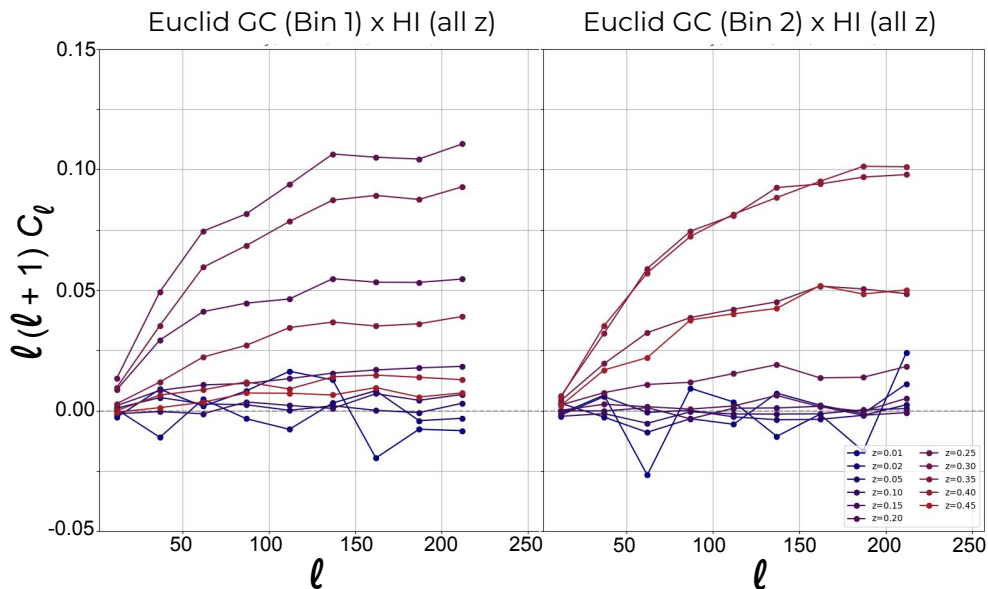
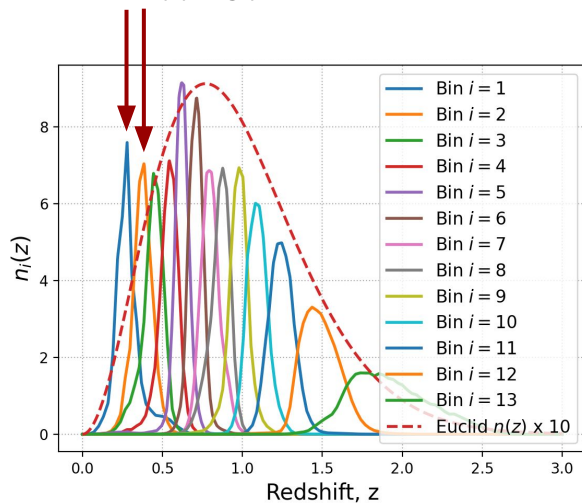


Synergies: Euclid DR3 (Preliminary)

- **Lead by Dr Bianca de Caro** (@ INAF-IASF, Milan)
 - compute the distribution of hydrogen from HIG maps integrated over redshift ($0 \leq z \leq 0.5$)
 - compute the distribution of galaxies in Euclid DR3 (expected ~2030)
 - derive the cross-power spectrum in different Euclid redshift bins

Euclid DR3 expected Redshift distribution:

2 overlapping photometric redshift bins:

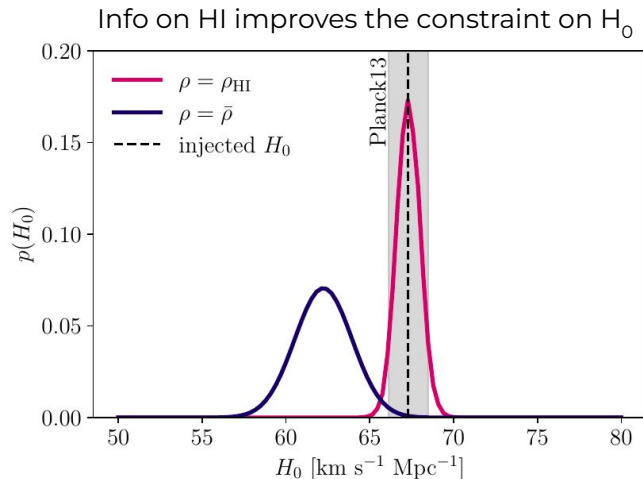
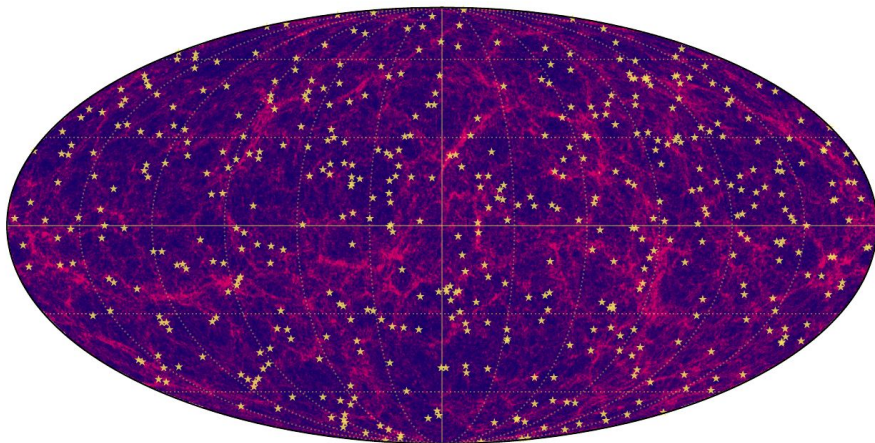


Synergies: Einstein Telescope (Preliminary)

- **Lead by Dr Ulyana Dupletsa** (@ INAF-IASF, Milan)
 - generate 21cm intensity maps from DM maps (tomographic up to $z=3$)
 - use the HI distribution **as a prior** to predict the GW distribution ([Dupletsa+2023, 2025](#))
 - extract the GW population parameters (Hierarchical Bayesian Inference with **icarogw**, [Mastrogiovanni+2021, 2023, 2024](#)): including cosmological parameters!
 - tomographic info on source distribution → constraint on H_0 (**radio sirens method**)

Generated Intensity Map + simulated GW events:

$z = 0.04$



AASKAII Chapter, including **TR** (2026)
Dupletsa et al, including **TR** (expected 2026)

Summary

- Built a full sky Dark Matter -only full sky light-cone (with haloes and sub-haloes)
- Generated realistic distribution of
 - Active Galactic Nuclei
 - Star Forming Galaxies
 - Neutral Hydrogen Galaxies
- Painted the sources on top of the light-cone
- We are currently applying the maps on synergy studies and extensions

Final Product:

- full-sky light-cone with all the sources up to redshift 5
- public software code for the community to use in their applications
- reduced version of the DM-only light-cone to be used by the community
- maps upon request
- **pre-print out (hopefully) before April!**

HI simulations Chapter @AASKA II (Cosmology SWG)

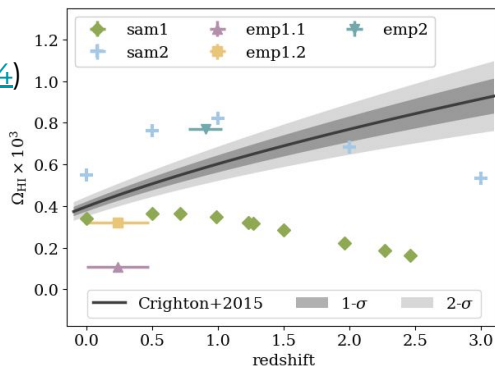
We compare different simulation models and approaches

- **sam1**: GAEA (see **Mohammad's** talk, [deLucia+2024](#))
- **sam2**: L-Galaxies (e.g. [Yates+2024](#))
- **emp1**: SCAM+T-RECS (this presentation)
- **emp2**: HI halo model (see **Pascal's** talk, [Hitz+2025](#))
- **emp3**: environment HIHM (e.g. [Sinigaglia+2024](#))

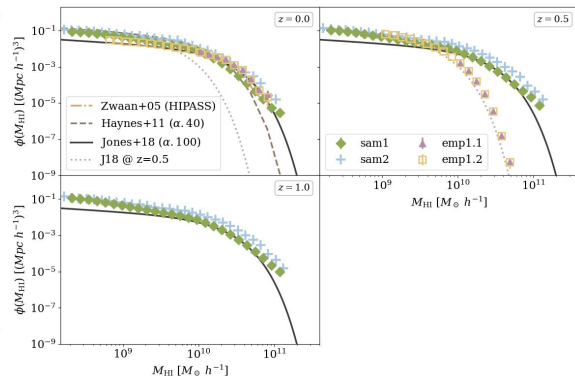


- **Scatter** between the results (see **Catherine's** talk)
 - there are no data!
 - all methods can be refined
- But also **agreement** in the well-studied regimes
- **Different methods for different applications**

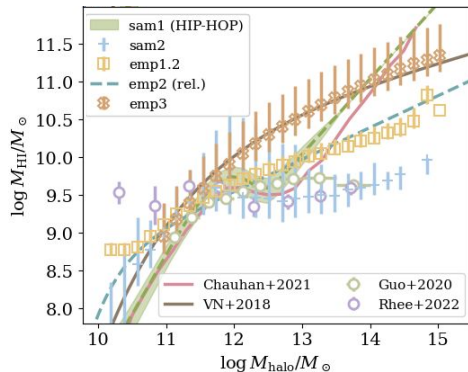
Density parameter



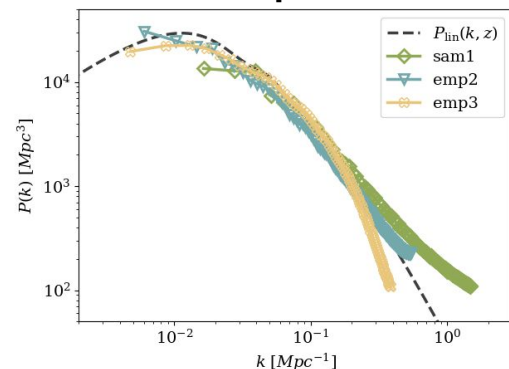
HI Mass Function



HIHM Relation



Power spectrum



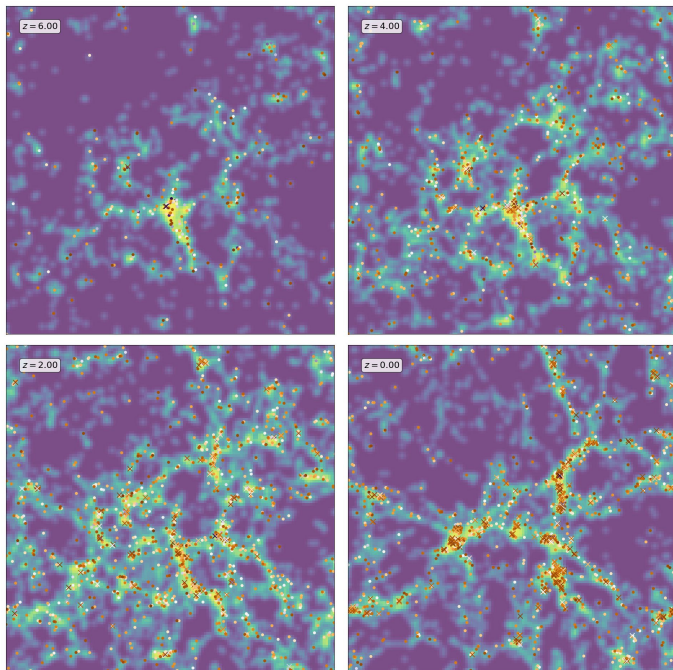


... and this is my last slide, THANKS!

Detour (for the EoR people)



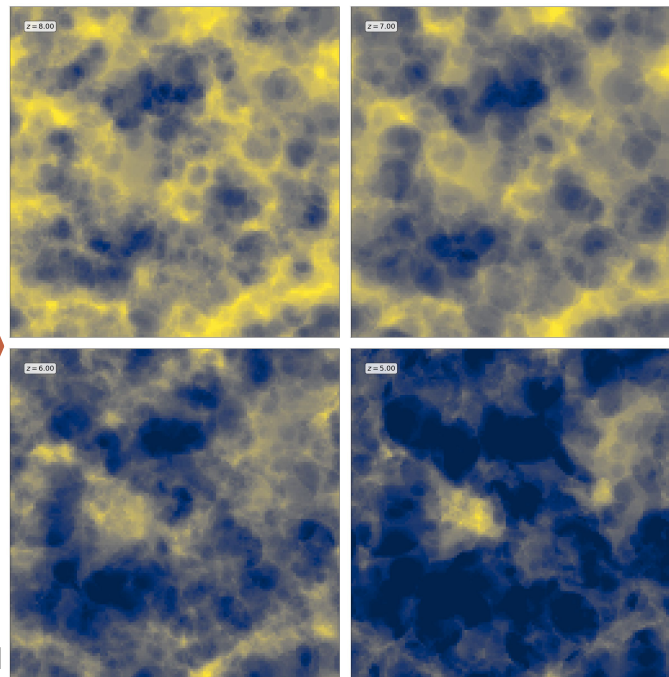
Mock galaxy catalogues



Empirical
Relations

● neutral
● ionized

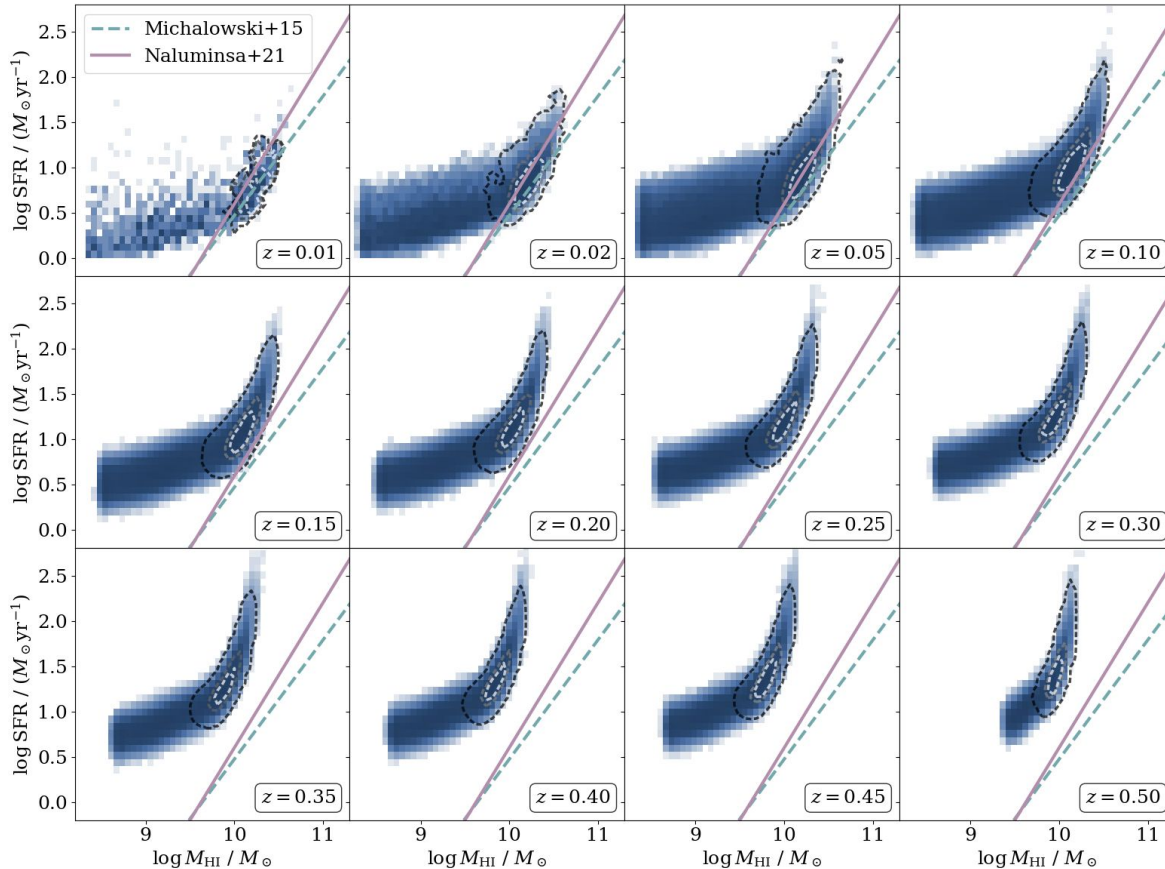
Toy re-ionization morphologies



- Generate Mock Catalogue of **Star Forming galaxies at high redshift**
 - Clustering from Harikane+16, 17
 - Luminosity from Bouwens+19

- **Empirical model of re-ionization**
 - ∇ redshift uniform HI field
 - SF-gxys produce ionizing photons
 - Stromgren spheres

Derived relations: HI vs Continuum Properties



- **CoG x HIG catalogues**
 - results up to $z \leq 0.5$
 - HI mass VS SFR
 - literature is tuned up to low redshift ($z \lesssim 0.02$)
 - our maps agree but predict a redshift evolution not observed (yet?)
- note there is a dependence on the HI mass model adopted
- the tail might be a numerical effect