

NRF / SKA SA Dish Concept: Logistics Engineering

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Logistics engineering KAT-7 & MeerKAT approach

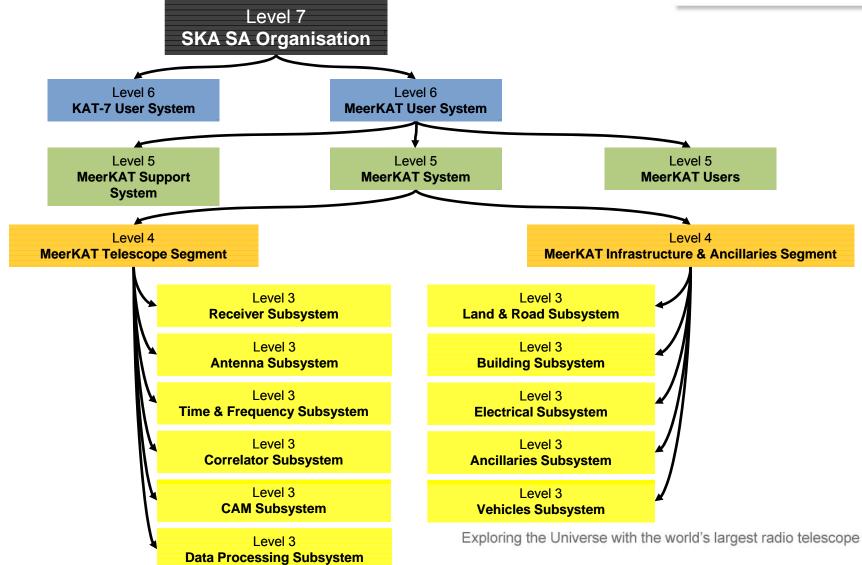


"Design for Support, Design the Support & Support the Design"

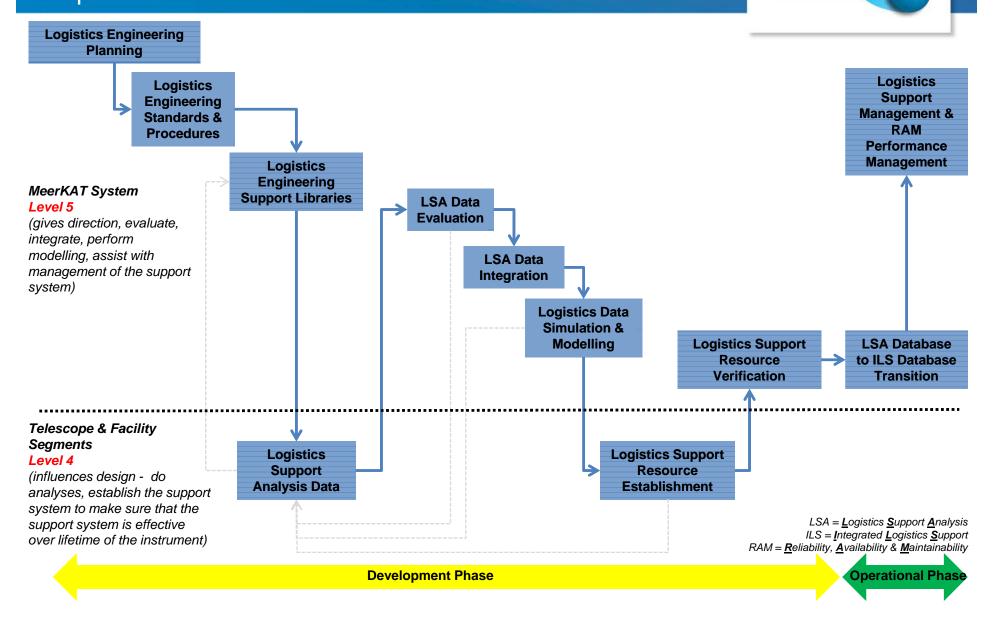
- We do <u>NOT</u> look at components or "level 3" subsystems in isolation in our system engineering or logistic engineering approaches
- This has been our approach from the outset in 2005
- South African developed commercially available & proven software tool (since 1990)
 - Ramlog Information Management Module for analyses and generation of manuals
 - Ramlog Simulation Module for simulations and optimization
 - **Ramlog** for Maintenance Management
- The next few slides will give a quick snapshot of progress and how our "motto" is implemented in our projects (both KAT-7 and MeerKAT systems)

MeerKAT Hierarchy System levels

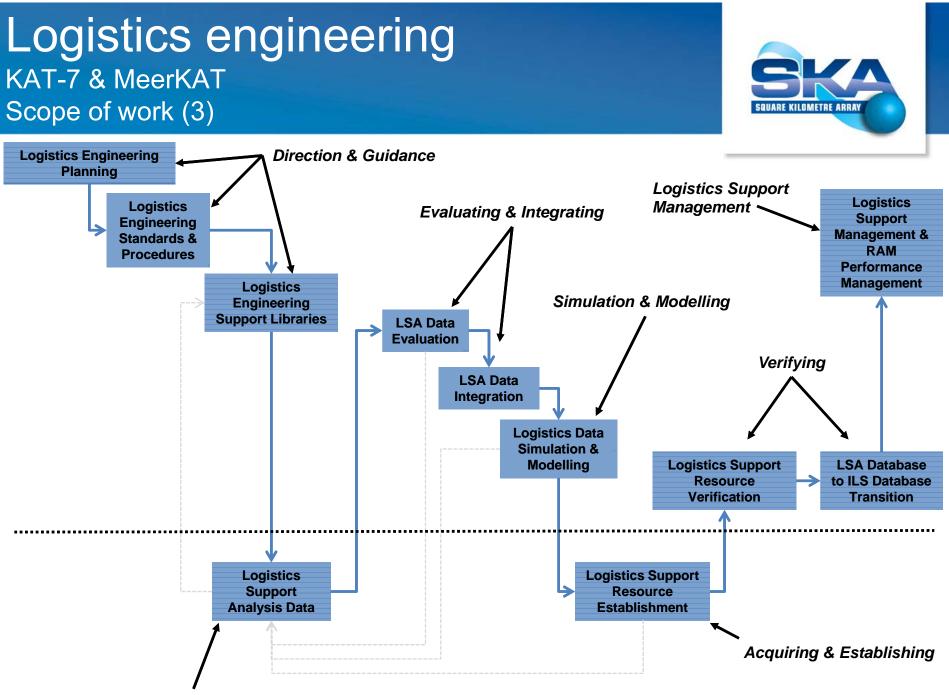




Logistics engineering KAT-7 & MeerKAT Scope of work



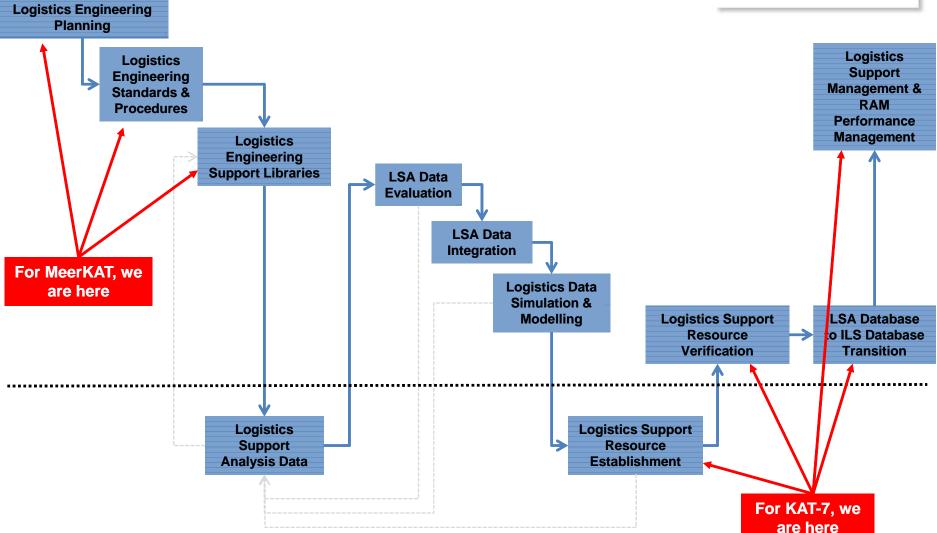
SQUARE KILOMETRE ARRAY



Logistic Support Analysis

Logistics engineering KAT-7 & MeerKAT Current status / Progress

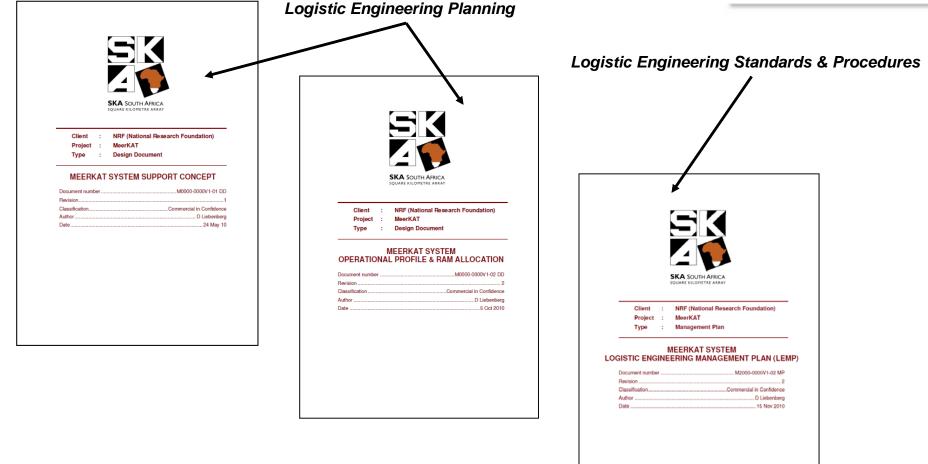




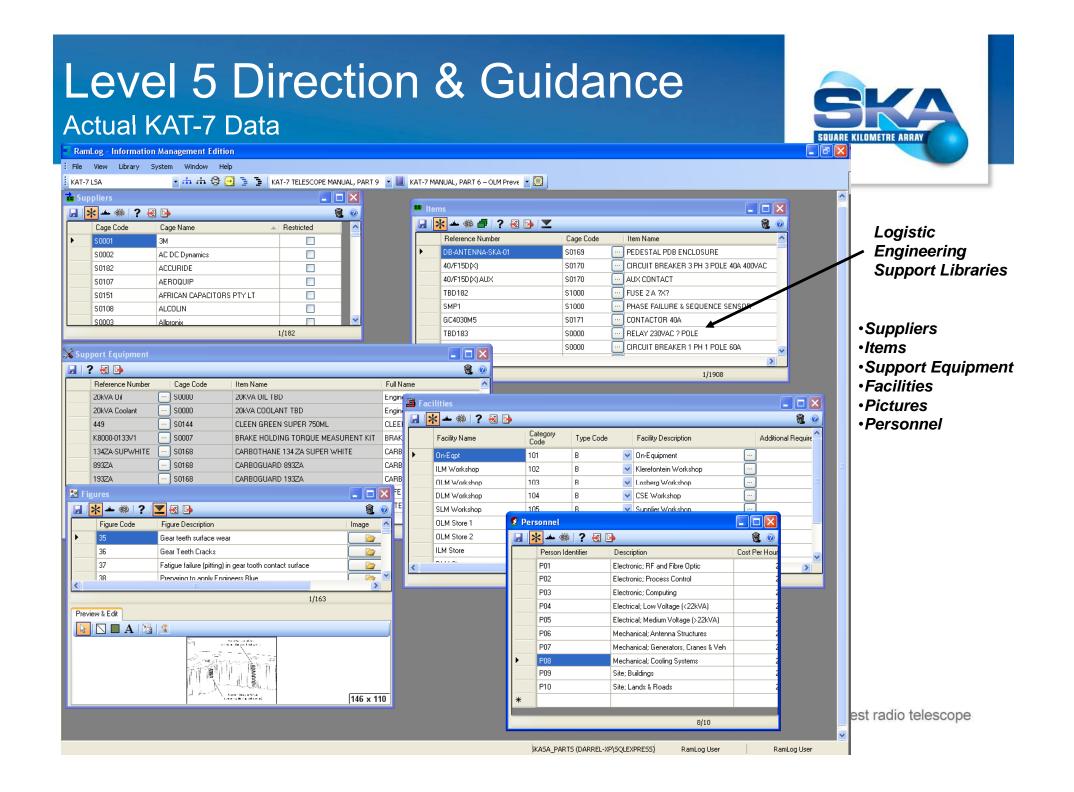
Level 5 Direction & Guidance

Actual Approved MeerKAT Documents





Exploring the Universe with the world's largest radio telescope



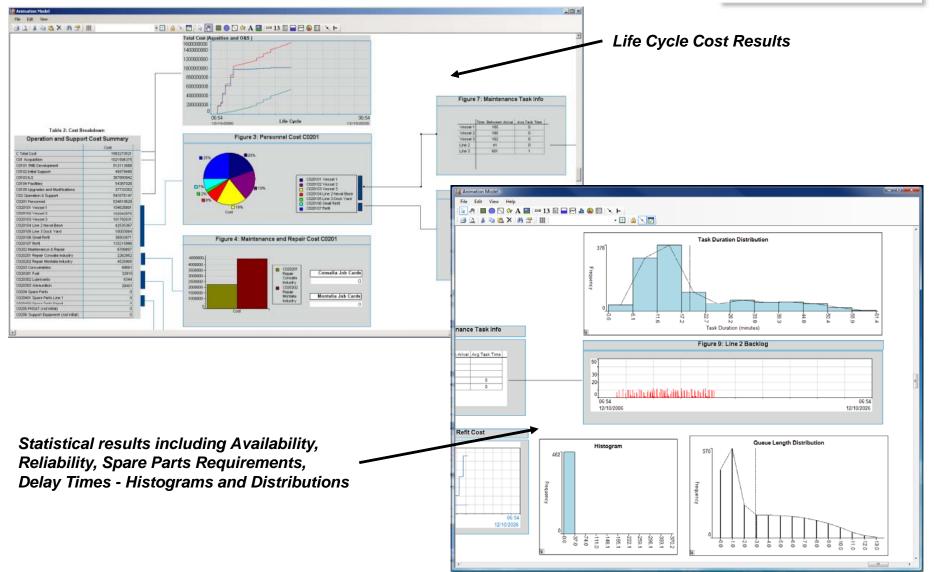
Level 5 Simulation & Modelling



Planner Model _ CPV LCC-3 Personnel Plan Grid General Generators Grid Facility Generators Grid Acquisition Grid Operational Plan Grid Dispose Grid Methods Grid Personnel Planner Standard Event Generators Standard Event Generators	 Event Planner to schedule events for simulation purposes (acquisitions, operations, etc) Operational Model to simulate the operation, life cycle of the system
Operational Model Editor - CPV LCC-a - [Operational Aquation Aquation Aquation Aquation Aquation Persone Corelia Vessel Graveyard Corelia Vessel Graveyard Corelia Vessel Graveyard Corelia Vessel Graveyard Corelia Corelia Vessel Graveyard Corelia Corelia Vessel Graveyard Corelia Corelia Vessel Graveyard Corelia Corelia Corelia Corelia Vessel Graveyard Corelia C	Deploy & Support Model to simulate the flow of Work

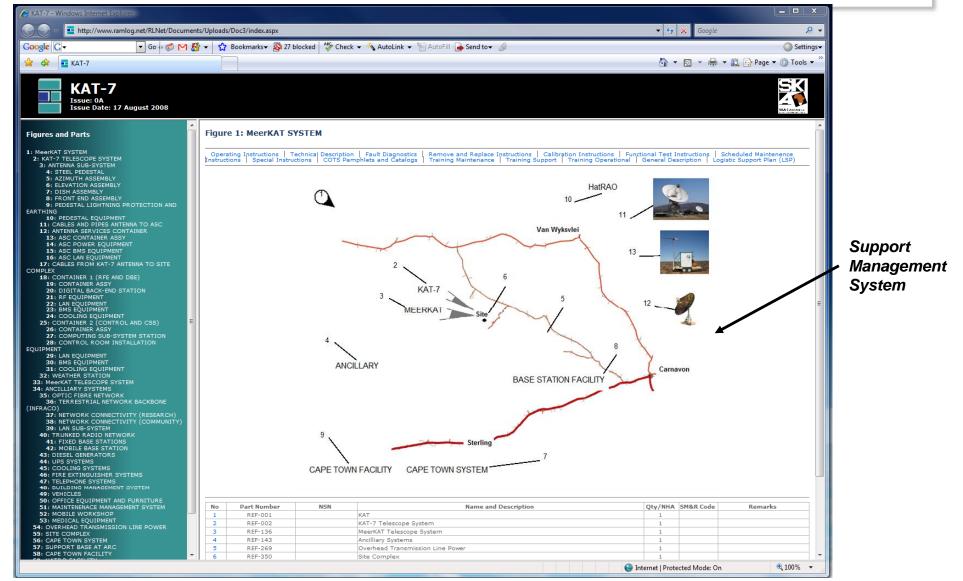
Level 5 Simulation & Modelling (2)



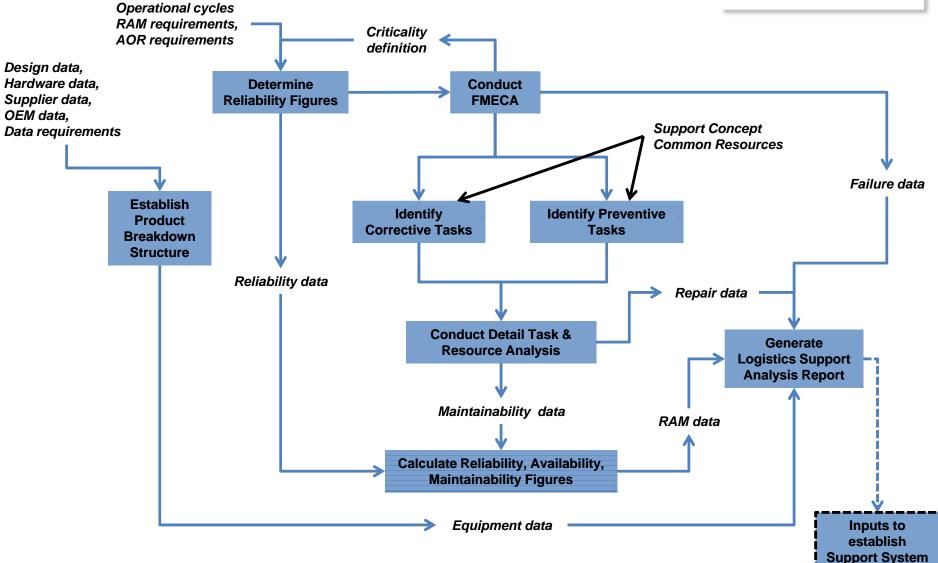






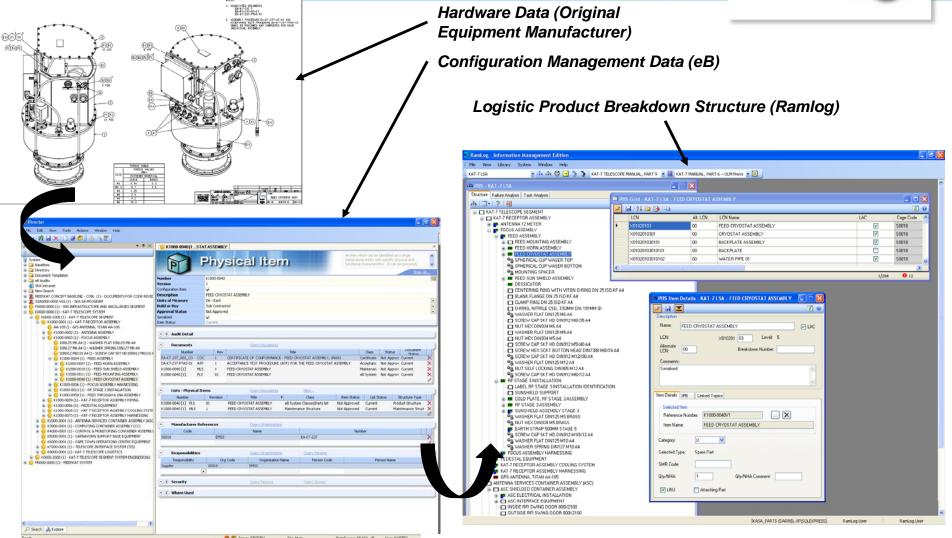






Product Breakdown Structure



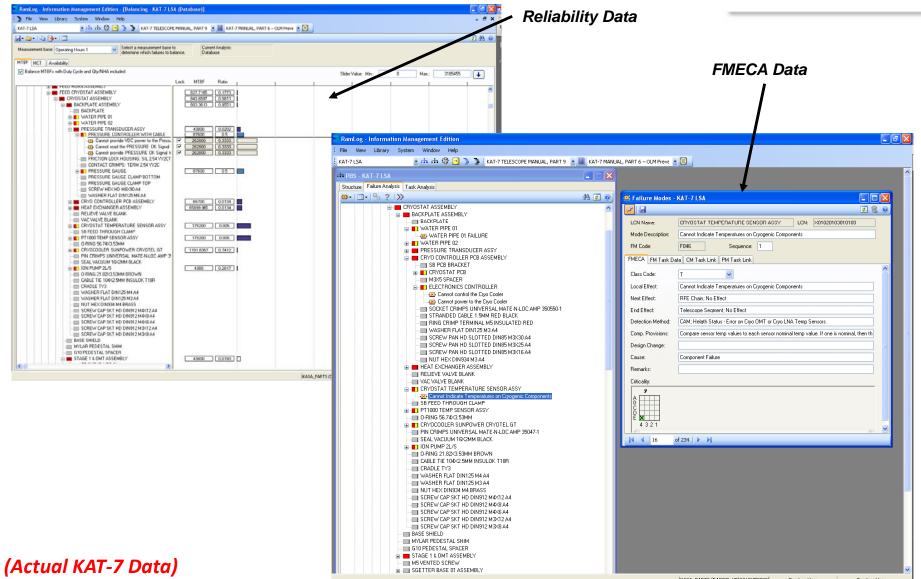


(Actual KAT-7 Data)

 $OEM = \underline{O}$ riginal \underline{E} quipment \underline{M} anufacturer eB = Configuration Management Software used by SKA SA Ramlog = Reliability, Availability and Maintainability Modelling Software used by SKA SA

Level 4 Logistic Support Analysis **Reliability & FMECA**





KASA_PARTS (DARREL-XP\SQLEXPRESS) RamLog User RamLog User

Task Analysis

RamLog - Information Management Edition

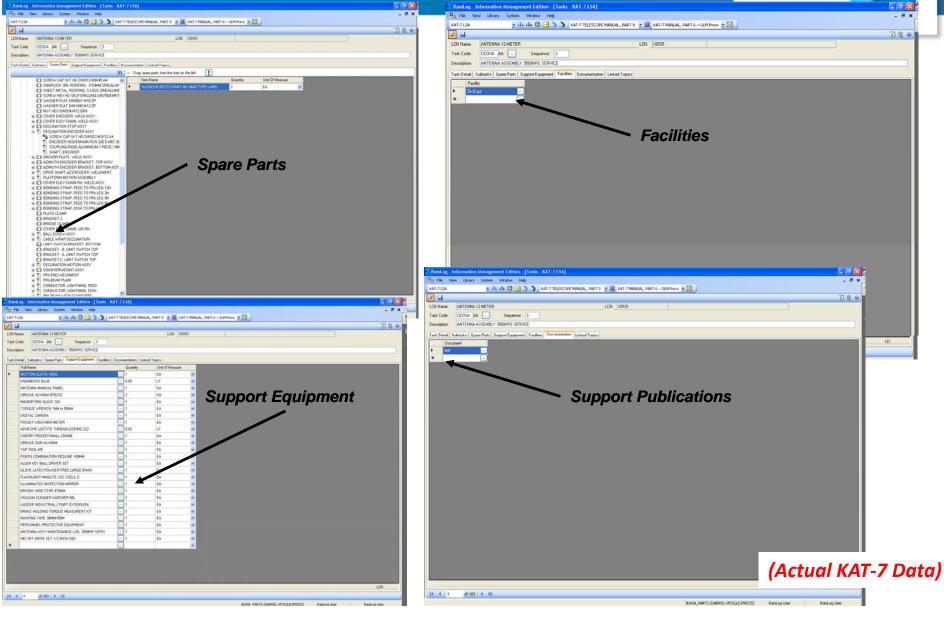


File View Library System Window Help 💌 🚓 🚓 🔁 🔁 🍹 👔 KAT-7 TELESCOPE MANUAL, PART 9 💌 📕 KAT-7 MANUAL, PART 6 – OLM Preve 💌 🥘 KAT-7 LSA PBS - KAT-7 LSA **Detail Task Analysis** Structure Failure Analysis Task Analysis 🖳 Tasks - KAT-7 LSA 2 2 🗟 ■ ♦ KAT-7 TELESCOPE SEGMENT KAT-7 RECEPTOR ASSEMBLY LCN Name: KAT-7 RECEPTOR ASSEMBLY COOLING SYSTEM LCN: X0104 Task Code: CEOXA AA Sequence PEDESTAL EQUIPMENT SERVICE CHILLER ASSEMBLY Description: KAT-7 RECEPTOR ASSEMBLY COOLING SYSTEM SERVICE CHILLER ASSEMBLY Task Detail Subtasks Spare Parts Support Equipment Facilities Documentation Linked Topics PRIME THE CHILLER ASSEMBLY Seq Description Time Subtask Description: ENCLOSURE ASSEMBLY Prepare to Remove Enclosure Task Requirement A BASE ASSEMBLY 2 Advise Stakeholders 2 ELECTRICAL PANEL Subtask Detail Description: CHILLER-OUT PIPE 3 Place Antenna in Maintenance Array 6 Utilising a M13 Wrench, carefully remove the 44 M8 Nylock Nuts and BALL VALVE FEMALE THREAD 1 INCH NICKEL PLATED BRASS Washers securing the Enclosure Assembly to the Base of the Chiller Δ Place Antenna in Maint Array 2 Assembly. Store the fasteners in a safe place. 2 ELBOW SCREWED FITTING 1 INCH SS316 5 Place Antenna in LOCAL MODE AIR-COOLED WATER HEAT PUMP 5KW 0.5 Check Antenna Status 6 20 Subtask Time (min): REP AIR-COOLED WATER HEAT PUMP 5KW 7 Select Emergency Stop 0.5 - R/R INTERNAL WATER FILTER Figure: 89 CONDENSER FAN MOTOR ASSEMBLY Switch OFF Chiller Assembly 8 1 NUT SELF LOCKING ISO10512 M10 A2 Notes Prepare to Remove Enclosure NUT SELF LOCKING ISO10512 M8 A2 CAUTION: THE CHILLER BASE IS AN IDEAL PLACE FOR SNAKES 10 Remove Enclosure 2 SCREW HEX HD ISO 4017 M10X20 A2 TO HIDE AND FOR SPIDERS TO NEST. PRIOR TO WORKING ON WASHER FLAT ISO7089 M10 A2 THE CHILLER ASSEMBLY ENSURE THAT THERE ARE NO SNAKES 11 Open Chiller Assembly 5 WASHER FLAT ISO7089 M8 A2 12 Clean Fins 5 HYDRAULIC HOSE METAL REINFORCED 1 INCH. Personnel Requirements: 13 3 📣 SWAGE NIPPLE 1 INCH A4 Remove Fan Louvre Personnel Quantity Existing Skill New SI COOLING TANK ASSEMBLY 14 2 Remove Fan Blade È - Č FLOW SWITCH BOX 15 Clean Ean Blade & Motor 5 FLOW CONTROL MANIFOLD 16 5 🛓 🧄 FOCUS COOLING Clean Internal Coolant Filter 3-WAY VALVE ASSY 17 Error Code Reset Image: Image 18 Test Pressure Relief Valve 1 PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE ASSEMBLY 19 Heading 1 3/4 TO 1 INCH TAIL ELBOW 20 Access Cooling Equipment 1 1/1CHECK VALVE ASSY 21 Clean Y-Strainer Mesh 5 🖵 R/R CHECK VALVE ASSY 22 Heading 5 CHECK VALVE 3/4 INCH BRASS 23 Heading SWAGE NIPPLE 3/4 INCH A4 > U-CHANNEL RUBBER GROMMIT STRIP PUSH IN T-PIECE 16mm 4 21 of 183 🚺 🕨 🔰 🍐 HYDRAULIC HOSE METAL REINFORCED 1 INCH 🚽 PRESSURE REGULATOR/RELIEF PIPE PNEUMATIC 16MM 10BAR BLACK. (Actual KAT-7 Data) PIPE PVC 40MM CLASS 6 200MM LONG Task Identification LAGGING SPX33 520D x 32ID KAT-7 RECEPTOR ASSEMBLY HARNESSING

Domi og Lico

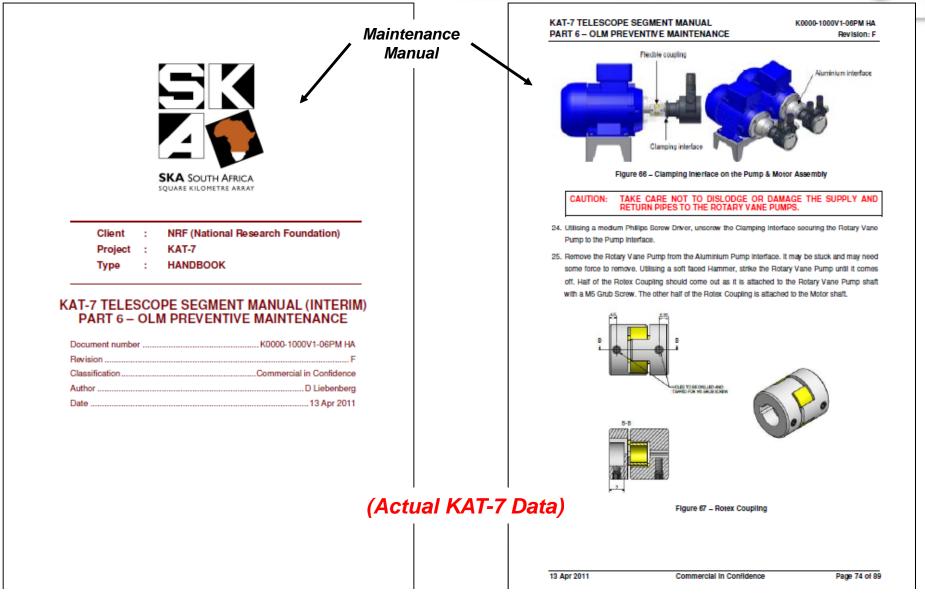
Resource Analysis





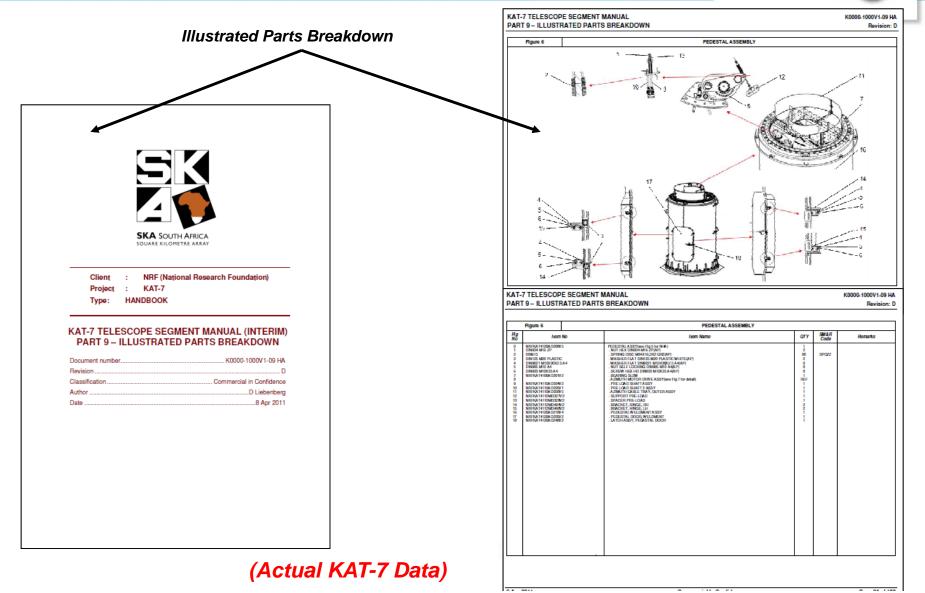
Support Publications

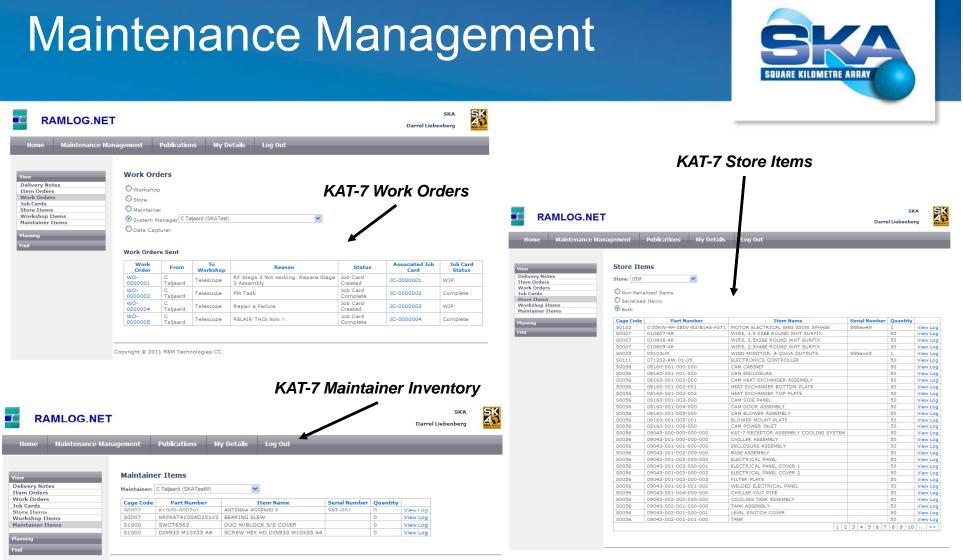




Level 4 Logistic Support Analysis Support Publications (2)







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(Actual KAT-7 Data)

Logistics engineering System reliability analysis



"Design for Support; Design the Support & Support the Design"

- System reliability requirements
 - The system shall have critical failures for less than 5% of annual operating time, where a critical failure is defined as a failure which results in the system not being available for science observations OR more than 10% of array elements not being available for science observations
 - The system shall have a mean time between critical failures of ≥684hours
 - The system shall have a critical mean time to repair of ≤36hrs
- FMECA for all sub-systems to identify failure modes
- Allocate MTBF and MTTR for each subsystem based on FMECA
- Calculate system downtime and availability to check if requirements are met

Logistics engineering Comparative reliability allocation for FMECA



Table 1: Comparative reliability allocation for FMECA

		MTBF (months)	MTTR (hours)	Downtime (hours/year)	# of failures/year for system
or	3 receivers + compressor	5	8	_	154
Receptor	Digitizer	24	6	_	32
Re	Antenna positioner	18	12	_	43
	Antenna power reticulation	6	8	16	2
Site	Antenna fibre reticulation	60	48	9.6	0.2
	Power source	60	120	24	0.2
	Correlator & Time Frequency Reference	4	8	24	3
Processol Building	Karoo Array Processor Building	24	48	24	0.5
Proc Bui	Control & Monitoring system	8	8	12	2
	Science processor	8	8	12	2
Remote CAM link		12	24	24	1

MTTR numbers include logistical system delays.

Logistics engineering Assumptions for comparative reliability allocation for FMECA



Table 2: Assumptions for comparative reliability allocation for FMECA				
		Assumption		
or	3 receivers + compressor	Swap-out of hot spares to enable 8-hour repair time		
Receptor	Digitizer	Swap out failed units		
Re	Antenna positioner	Chiller requirements and concept similar to KAT-7		
Site	Antenna power reticulation			
	Antenna fibre reticulation			
	Power source	Built-in redundancy, as per infrastructure concept design		
L	Correlator & TFR	Hot-swappable ROACH units		
esso ding	Karoo Array Processor Building	Built-in redundancy, as per infrastructure concept design		
Processor Building	Control & Monitoring system			
	Science processor			
Remote	e CAM link			

Logistics engineering Results: System reliability analysis



- Total number of hours downtime per year = 145, resulting in a critical availability of 98.3%, which meets the requirement of 95%.
- Number of critical failures is approximately 10, resulting in MTBF of approximately 880 hours, which meets the requirement of ≥684hours.
- The MTTR of critical failures is 18.5 hours, which meets the requirement of ≤36 hours.
- Results show that the maintenance cost is driven by the receptors specifically the receiver sub-system.
- Allocation of comparative reliability (Table 1) implies a MTBF of 2,456 hours for individual receptors. Resulting MTTR for individual receptors is 8.5 hours.
- For the system as a whole, the reliability allocation in Table 1 results in a total number of approx. 240 failures per year.