

# Continuum Surveys

Topics	Rms ( $\mu\text{Jy}$ )	Area ( $\text{deg}^2$ )	Resolution (")	Freq. (GHz)	Science	Notes
wide	0.5 – few	Few 100s 5k - 20k All-sky for legacy	0.5 - 5	low/mid/ high	Local Galaxy/ AGN statistical studies Cluster/ diffuse emission studies Cosmology Magnetism	high freq. For for thermal emission in SFGs + young stars
deep	$\leq 0.05$	Few 10s ( $\geq 100$ for clusters)	$\leq 0.1$ -0.5	mid/high	Galaxy/AGN resolved physics	$\leq 0.1''$ for SF/AGN separation & R par on nuclear scale

Where SKA is unique or gives significant advantages:

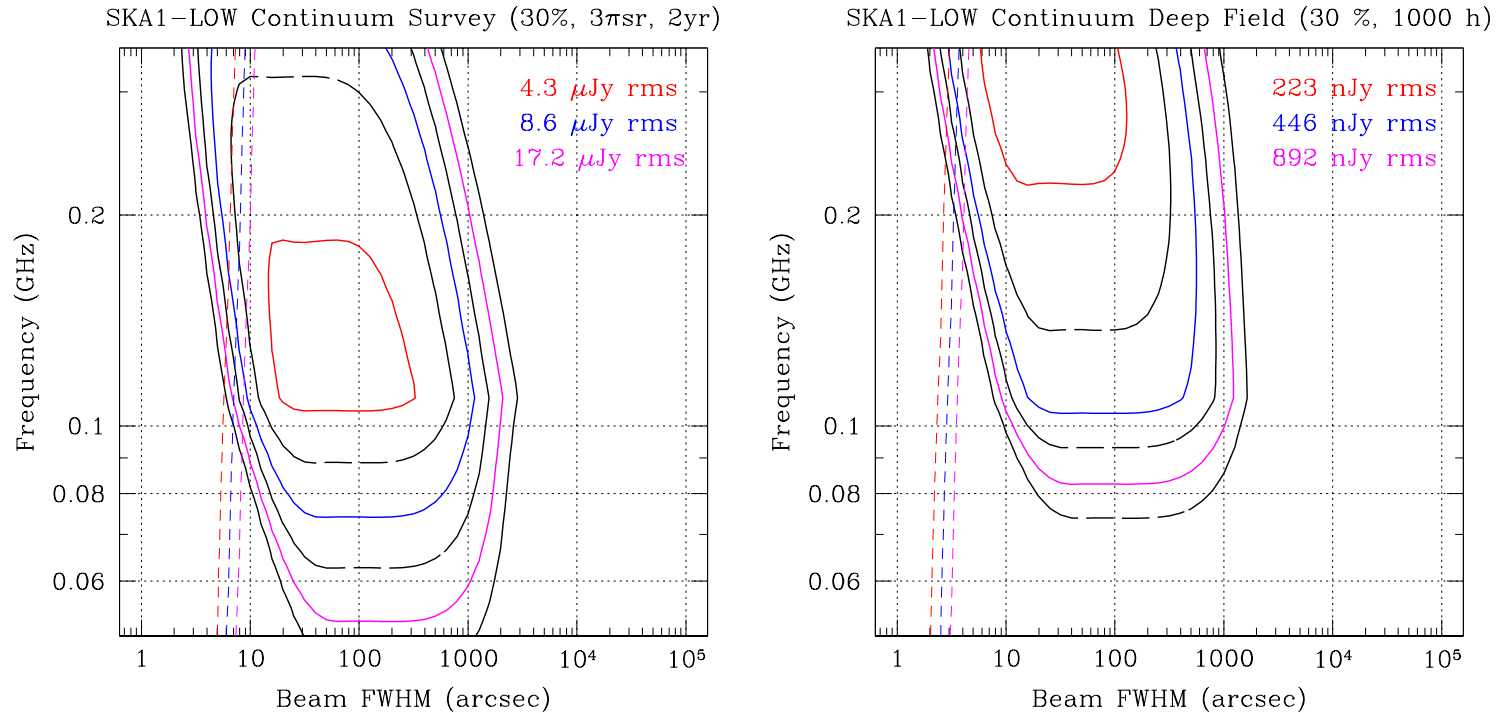
Ex: Galaxy/AGN  $\rightarrow$  routinely do resolved physics up to high redshifts ?

Magnetism/relativistic science (total intensity synchrotron emission, polarization studies)

Cosmology/weak lensing?



# Continuum Survey Performance: SKA\_LOW



Confusion limited very quickly:  $\sim 10 \mu$ Jy rms surveys only feasible at  $\nu > 150$  MHz

$\sim 1 \mu$ Jy rms surveys only feasible at  $\nu > 200$  MHz

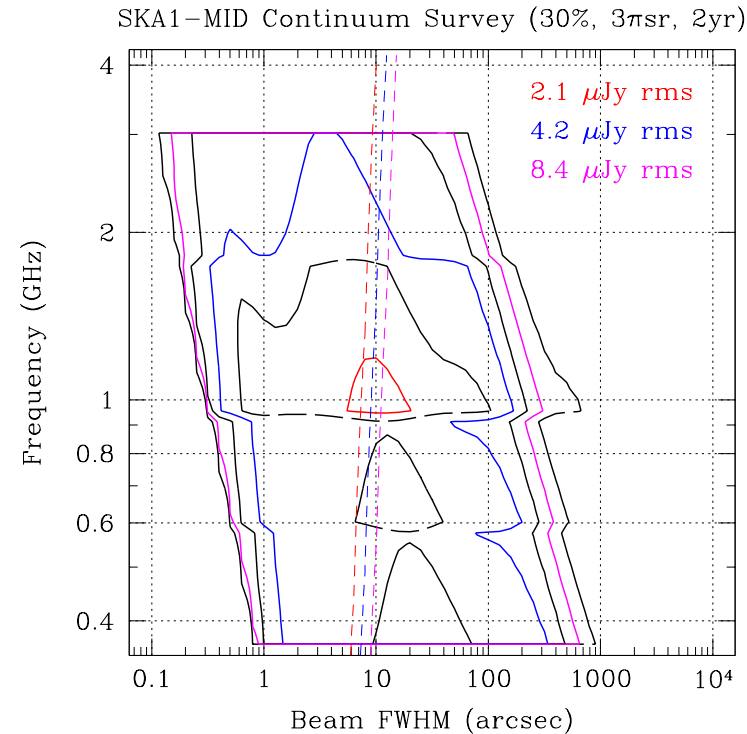
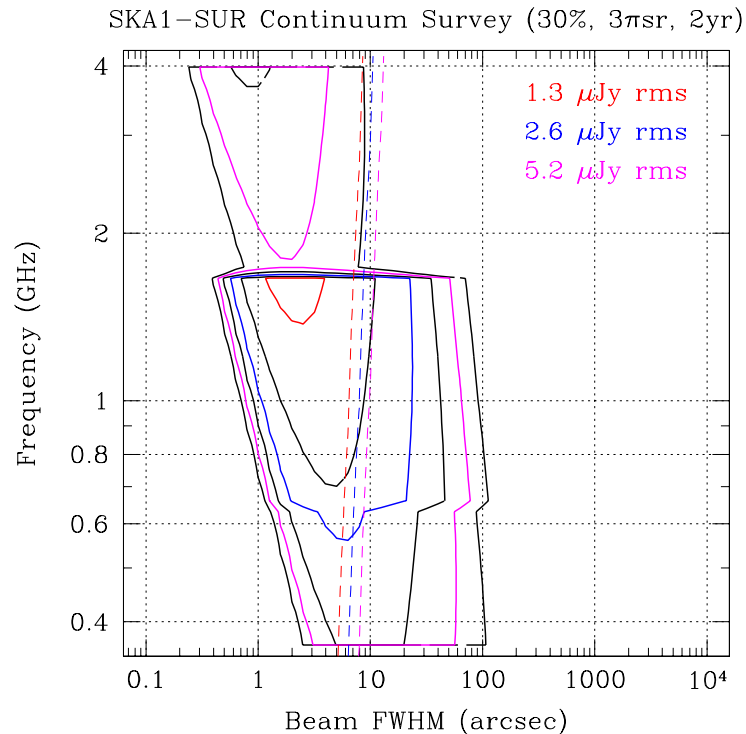
→ few arcsec resolution wide surveys at LOFAR deep fields limit

→  $1 \mu$ Jy rms deep field (2-3" res) limited to pointings of 4 sq. degr. ( $> 200$  MHz)

1-10  $\mu$ Jy limit at  $> 150$  MHz (few arcsec res. limit) → is it useful?

What do we miss in terms of science (see Huub's talk)?

# Continuum All Sky Surveys: SUR vs. MID



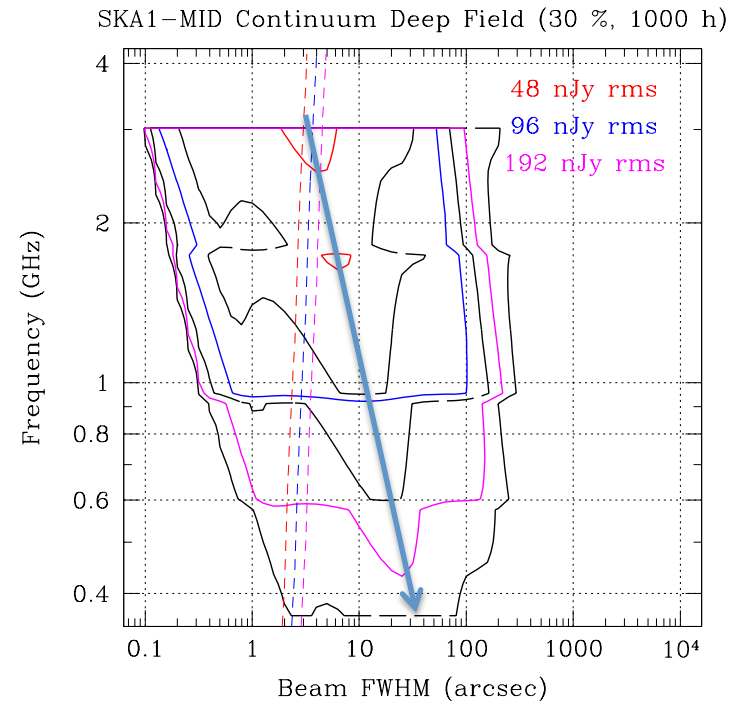
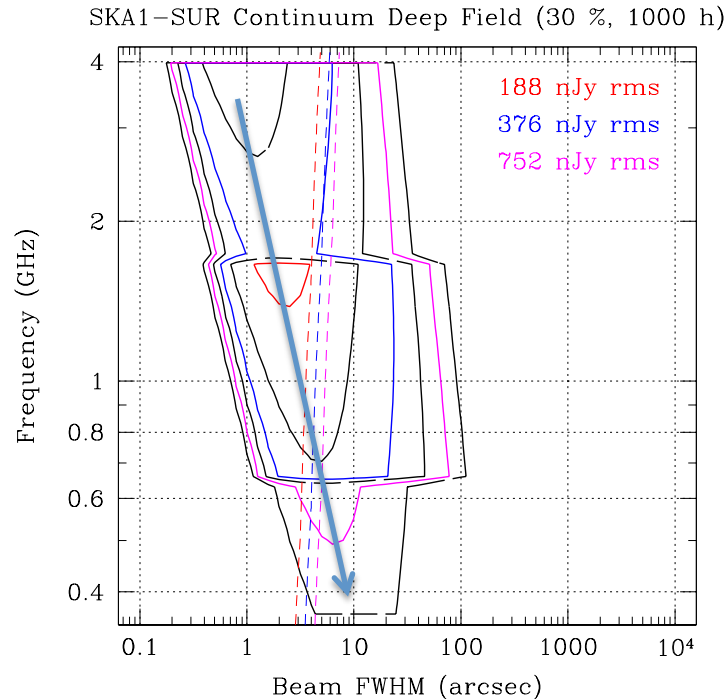
SUR factor 2 better survey speed (factor 4 would be very interesting)

All sky/wide surveys in given observing time at few arcsec resolution (1-2''):

- SUR factor  $\sim 2$  deeper than MID or same depth but lower frequency (better commensality with HI)
- MID competitive for very high res. (0.5'') 5-10  $\mu$ Jy rms wide surveys at  $> 2$  GHz (if Gaussian beams)

Q: Do we need a few  $\mu$ Jy sub-arcsec. wide survey? Lensing? Resolve EMU AGN/SF?

# Continuum Deep Fields: SUR vs. MID



SUR has a better match between sensitivity and resolution performance

MID has significantly better sensitivity but array is not very efficient for  $<1''$  res:

➔ most efficient at highest  $\nu$  (smallest FoV)

~50 nJy rms surveys at  $2''$  res at  $\nu > 2$  GHz (0.3 sq. deg.) (30 sq. degr.  $\rightarrow >1.2$  yr)

~50 nJy rms survey at  $0.2''$  res at  $\nu > 2$  GHz over 30 sq. deg.)  $\rightarrow 2.5$  yr

Q: Do we want to increase efficiency at higher res/lower freq.? Synergy with HI

# Points to be discussed

- Most important science drivers for continuum surveys (wide and deep)
- SKA1 performance (LOW/MID/SUR) in terms of
  - ✓ resolution (low/mid freq.)
  - ✓ dirty beam shape (low/mid freq.)
  - ✓ Surface brightness sensitivity
  - ✓ frequency coverage (very low/very high)
  - ✓ broadband BW
  - ✓ Imaging DR
  - ✓ instrumental polarization
  - ✓ Control of Systematics (flux calibration errors, etc.)
  - ✓ Faster survey speed for SUR and higher res. for MID?
  - ✓ ...
- what for SKA1 and what for SKA2?
- Other issues?







# Other caveats

Thermal noise + high Imaging DR

→ both important for deep continuum surveys

→ Gaussian dirty beam (see Jim's talk)

optimize array for natural PSF

[Power-law radial distribution → scale-free arrays]

SKA1\_MID 3x higher noise for uniform weighting

## Other inputs/caveats (from Jim)

- confusion not an issue at arcsec res.  
[confusion noise  $\sim 9$  nJy at  $\sim 1.5''$  res]
- arcsec res. for detection experiments of low SB SFGs  
at microJy level  
[for res  $\sim 0.22'' \rightarrow$  noise  $\sim 14$  nJy @ 1.7 GHz]
- $|\log v_1/v_2| > 1$  to get accurate spectral index at low S/N  
 $\rightarrow$  matched LOW/MID surveys
- Gaussian dirty beam  $\rightarrow$  optimize array for natural PSF  
[Power-law radial distribution  $\rightarrow$  scale-free arrays]  
SKA1\_MID 3x higher noise for uniform weighting
- Imaging DR very important

# Science Requirements - Summary

Topics	Rms ( $\mu\text{Jy}$ )	Area ( $\text{deg}^2$ )	Resolution (")	Freq. (GHz)	Notes	Critical parameter
Star Formation $10^{11} L_{\text{sun}} z \sim 8$	0.004 (20 nJy $5\sigma$ )	Few 10s? + wide	$\sim 0.1$ to resolve disks ( $z > 1$ )	high (10 GHz)	Thermal em. at high $z$	Resolution/frequency
AGN Radio mode RL/RQ	50 nJy 1 $\mu\text{Jy}$	Few 10s + wide	0.5	mid mid	0.5" enough? SF/AGN separation R par on nuclear scale	Resolution?
Clusters	1 $\mu\text{Jy}$ 50 nJy	All sky 100	5	mid mid	Pointed obs more efficient?	SKA LOW useless due to confusion
Stars	$\sim 1 \mu\text{Jy}$	Wide area	$\sim 0.1$ for ids in crowded stellar fields?	$> 5$	To get young objs [low $v \rightarrow$ coherent em]	Frequency/resolution
Cosmology	1(0.5)	20k(5k)	$< 2$ for ids 0.5 for lensing	mid		resolution
Magnetism	few $\mu\text{Jy}$ $< 100$ nJy	All sky few 10s	$\sim 1?$ $\sim 1?$	Broadband Broadband	SUR+LOW MID	Res. for LOW