HI Intensity Mapping with MeerKAT & 1/f noise analysis

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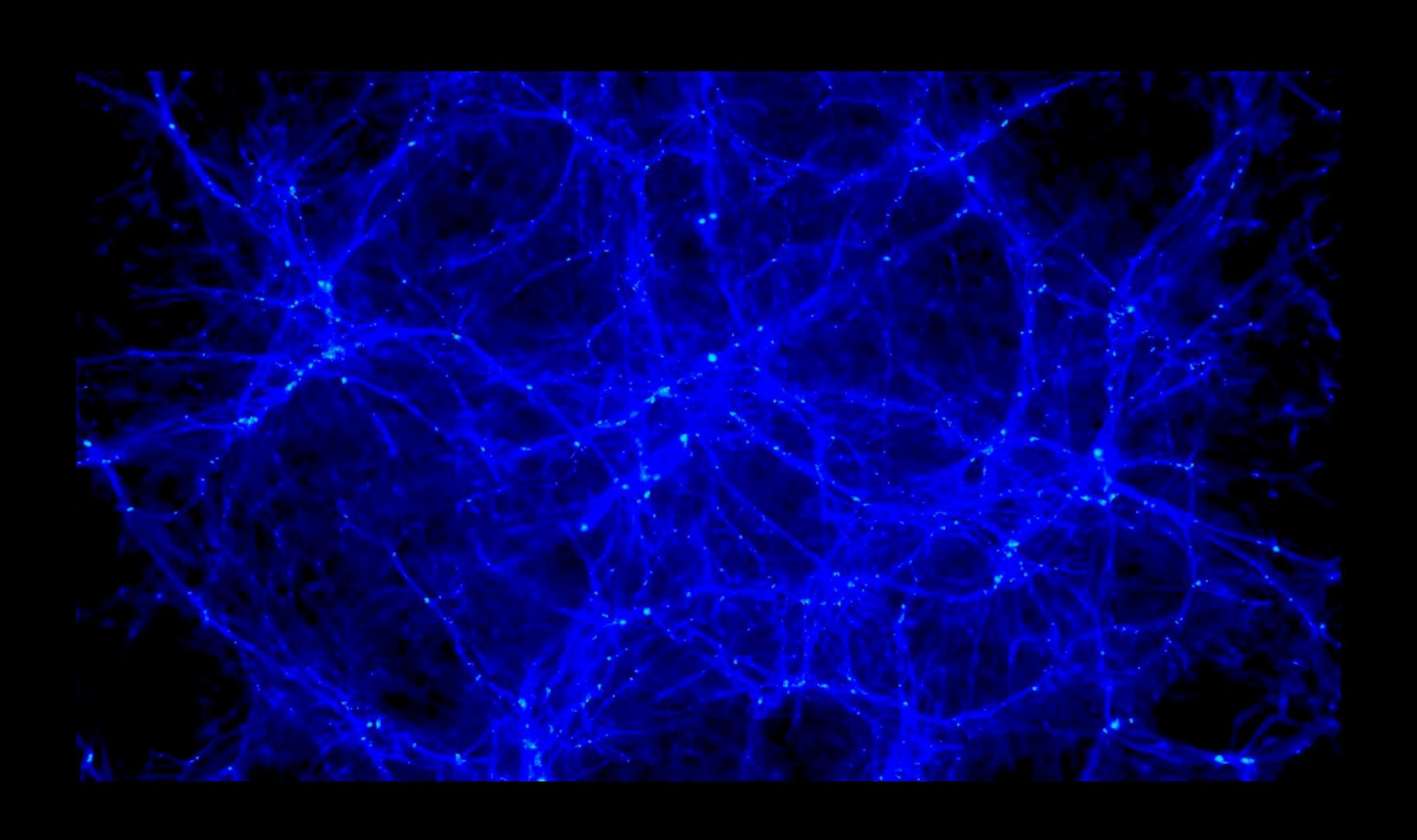
HI Intensity Mapping with MeerKAT & 1/f noise analysis







Large Scale Structure



Large Scale Structure

- CMB
- Galaxy optical survey
 - BOSS
 - DES
 - eBOSS
 - DESI
 - LSST
 - Euclid

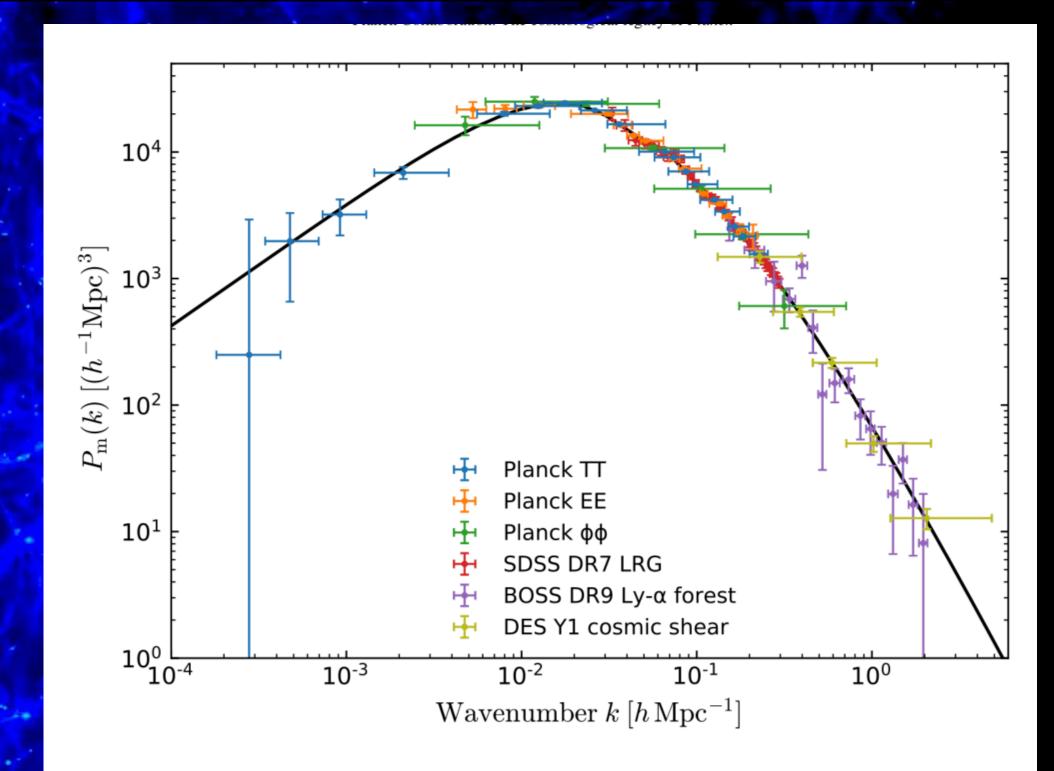
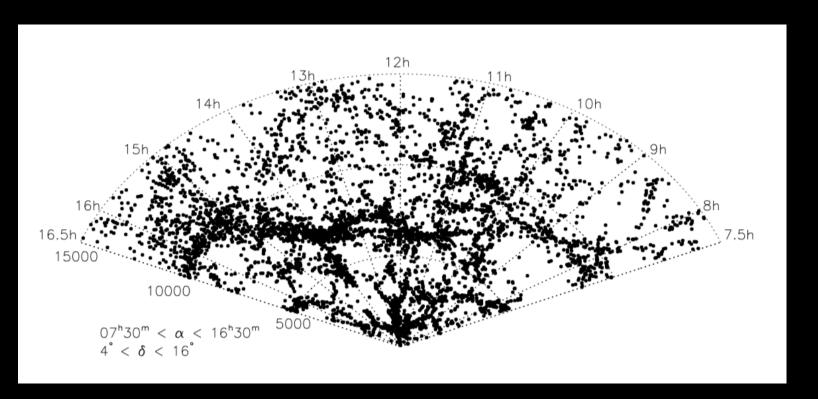


Fig. 19. The (linear theory) matter power spectrum (at z=0) inferred from different cosmological probes. The broad agreement of the model (black line) with such a disparate compilation of data, spanning 14 Gyr in time and three decades in scale is an impressive testament to the explanatory power of Λ CDM. Earlier versions of similar plots can be found in, for example, White et al. (1994), Scott et al. (1995), Tegmark & Zaldarriaga (2002), and Tegmark et al. (2004). A comparison with those papers shows that the evolution of the field in the last two decades has been dramatic, with Λ CDM continuing to provide a good fit on these scales.

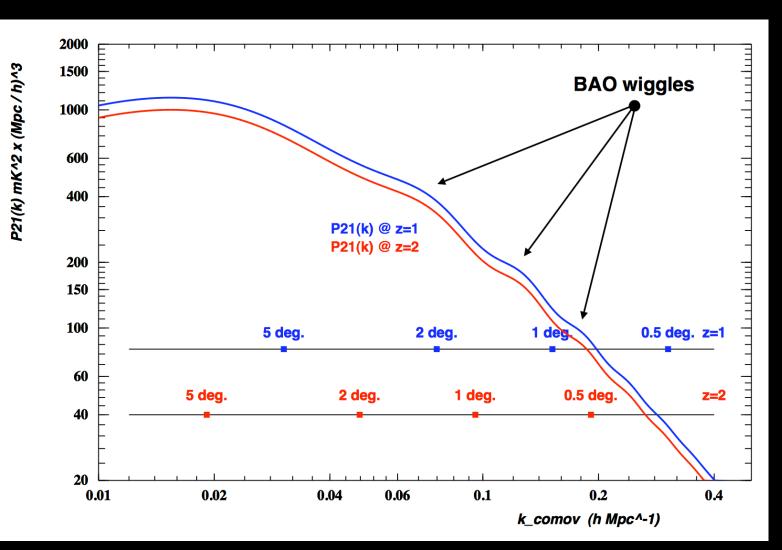
Radio Telescope

- Continue Survey
 - loss redshift info.
- HI Galaxy Survey
 - hard for high redshift
- HI Intensity Mapping Survey

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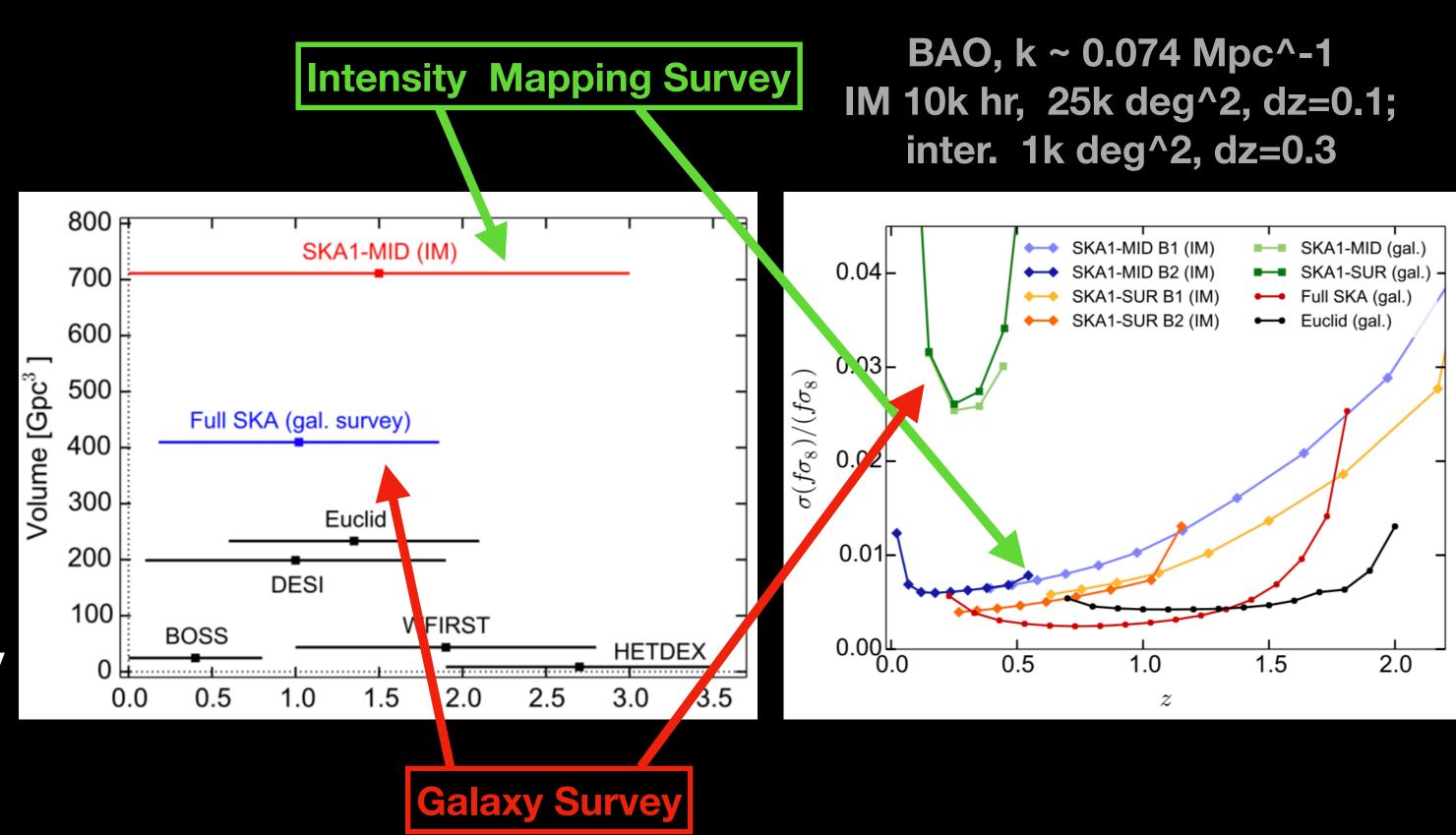




Ansari et. al. 1108.1474

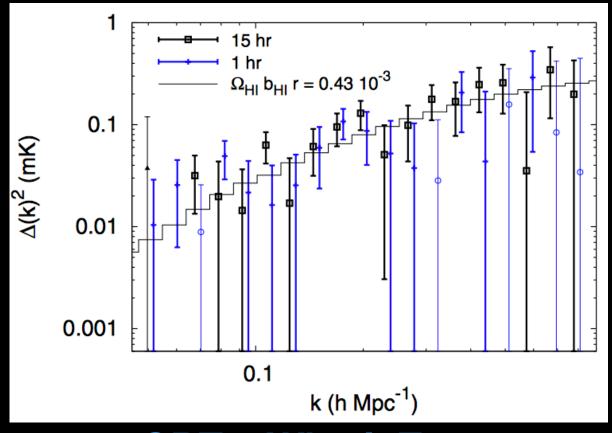
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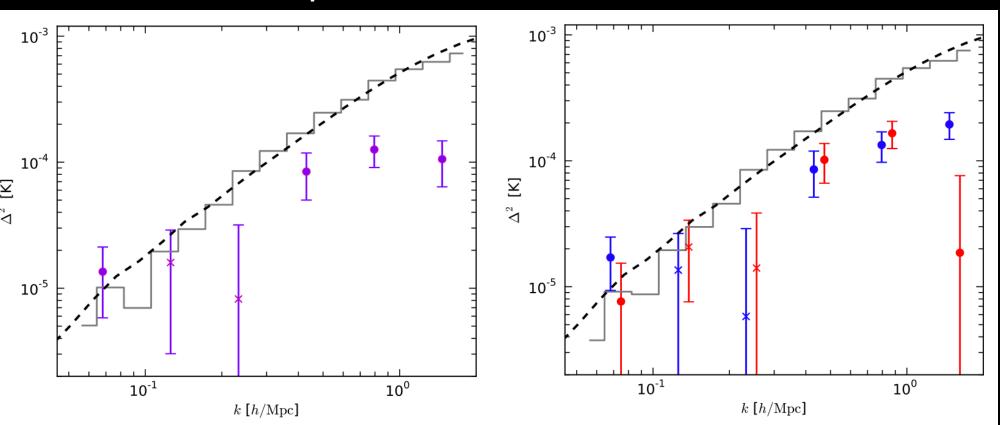
HI Experiments

Galaxy Survey Intensity Mapping Single Dish **GBT** Arecibo **Parkes FAST ALFALFA** Bingo **ASKAP** Tianlai WALLABY/DINGO **CHIME** interferometry **VLA HIRAX CHILES** MeerKAT **MIGHTEE** MeerKLASS Post R. **EoR** Paper/HERA MWA Lofar 21CMA **PRIZM** Edges



GBT x WiggleZ

K. Masui et. al. 2013 ApJ 763L 20M



Parkes x 2dF

C. Anderson 1710.00424

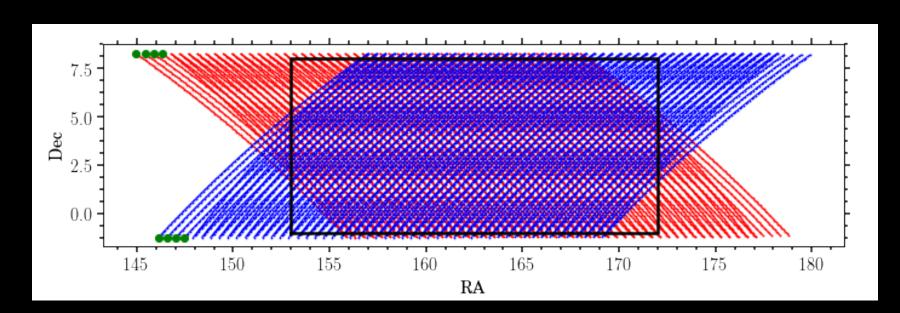
MeerKLASS

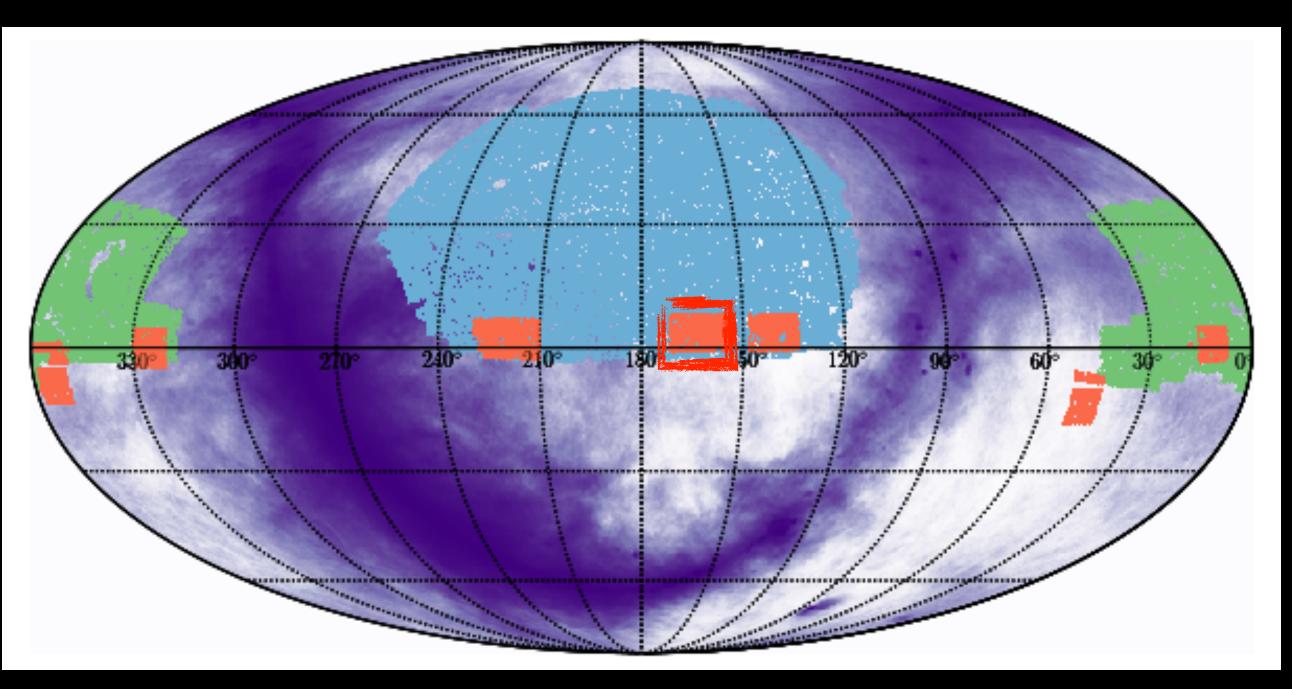
- 64 x 13.5m, max baseline 8km
- MeerKAT Large Area Synoptic Survey (MeerKLASS)
 - single dish IM & interferometry galaxy survey
 - 4000 square deg; 4000 hours
 - L-band (0<z<0.58) / UHF-band (0.4<z<1.45)

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MeerKLASS Pilot Survey

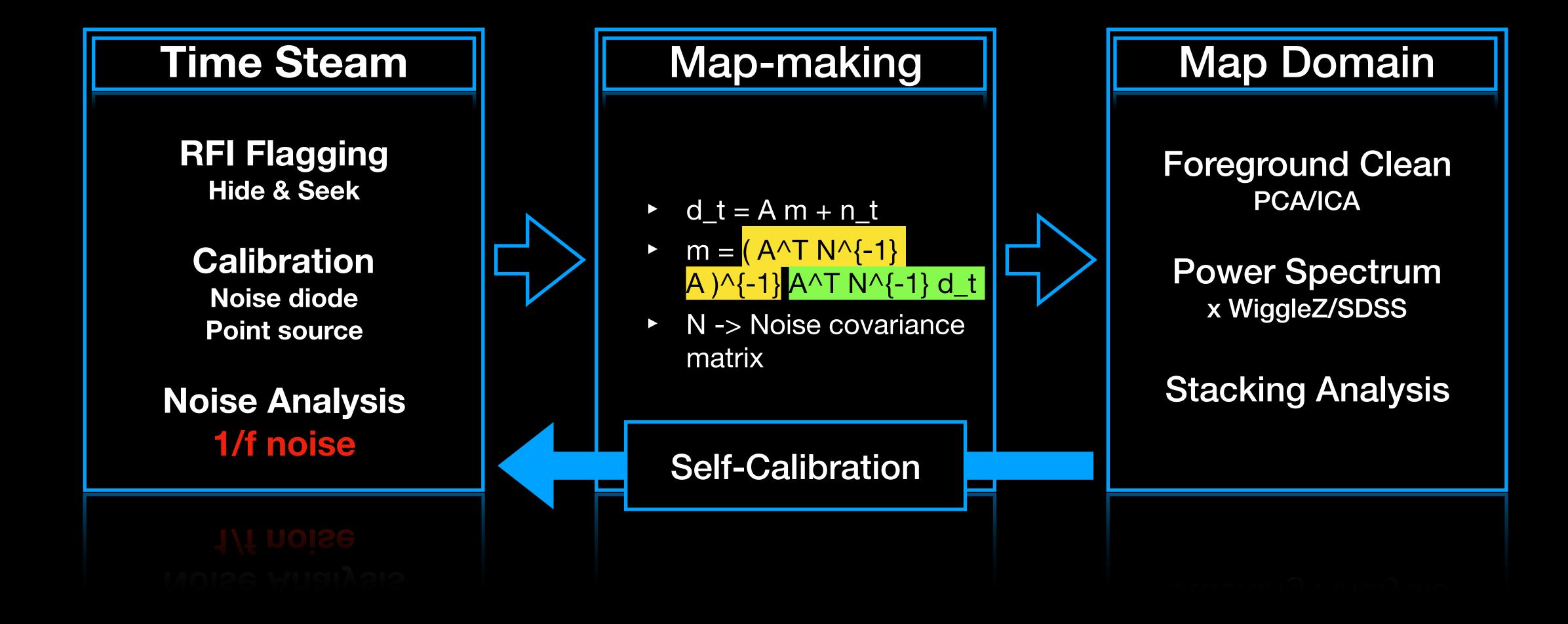
- MeerKAT HI IM Pilot survey
 - 200 square deg, 20 hours,
 - ~60 dishes, Fix Alt ~ 45deg
 - L-band (960MHz 1.67GHz)
 - Overlap with WiggleZ/SDSS
 - Test system, training pipeline





MeerKLASS Pilot Survey

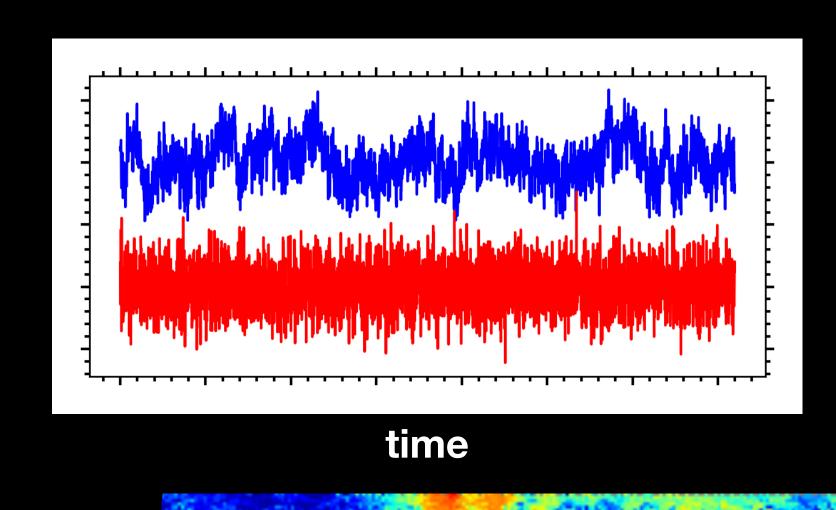
Data analysis pipeline

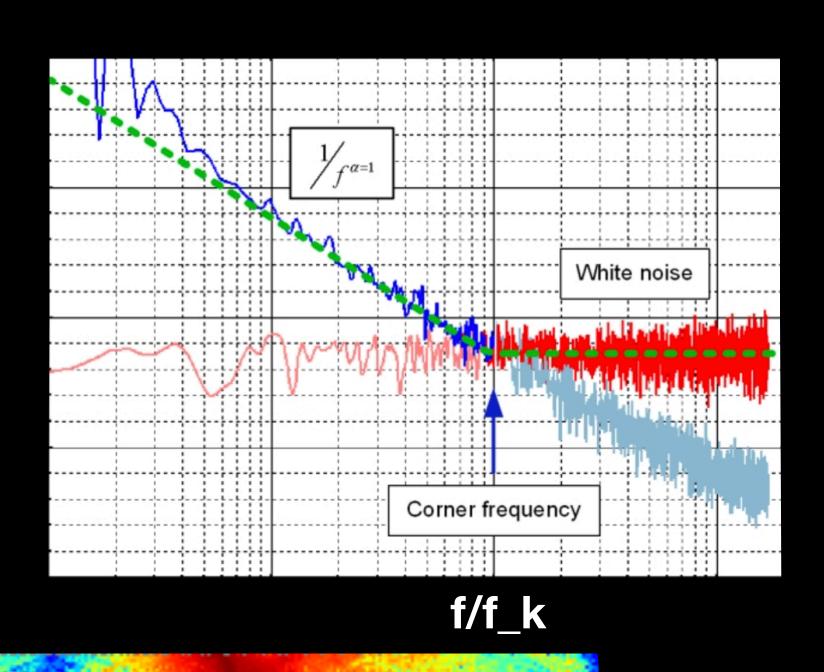


1/f Noise

Correlated noise

receiver gain variance





1/f Noise Mode

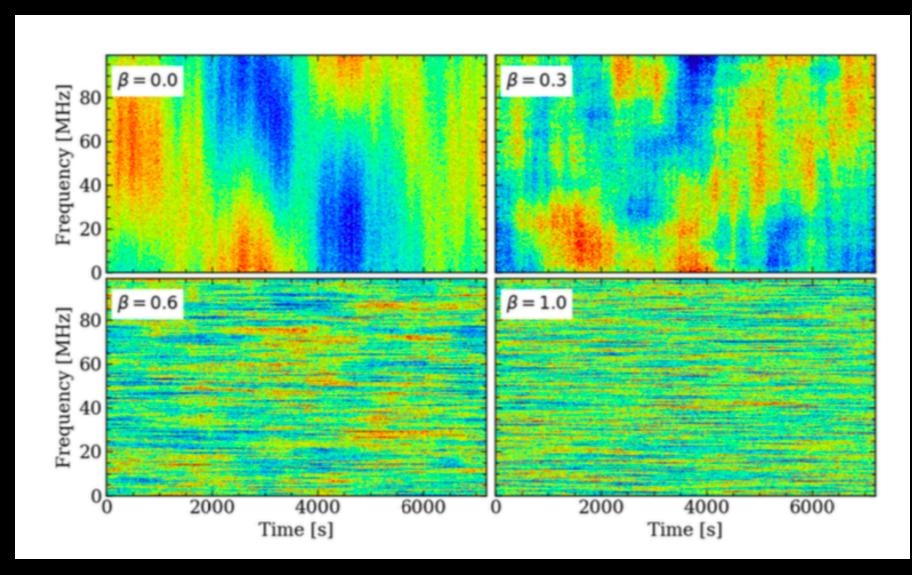
frequency correlation

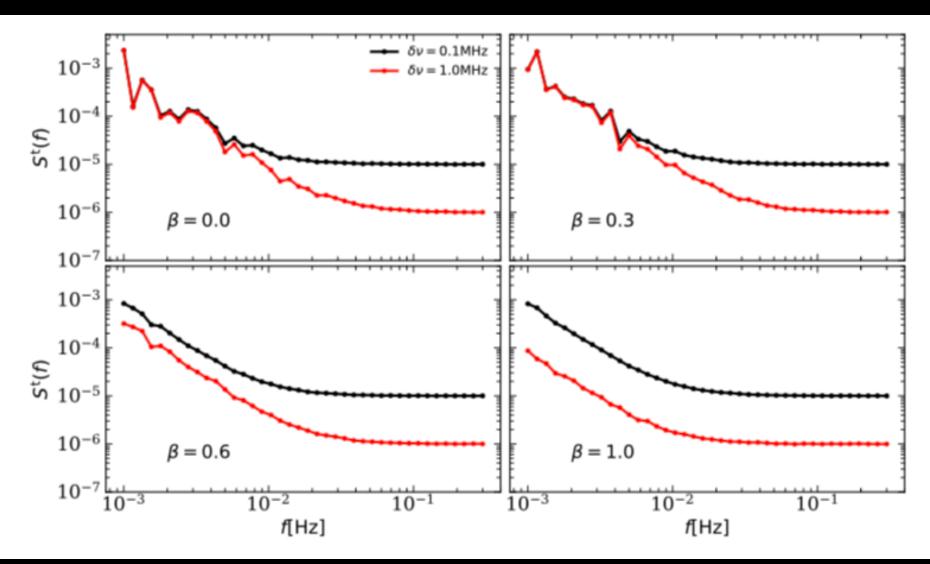
$$S(f,\omega) = A \left(1 + C \left(\frac{f_0}{f} \right)^{\alpha} \left(\frac{\omega_0}{\omega} \right)^{\frac{1-\beta}{\beta}} \right),$$

$$\lg f_0 = \lg f_{k,\delta\nu} - \frac{1}{\alpha} \lg (CK\delta\nu)$$

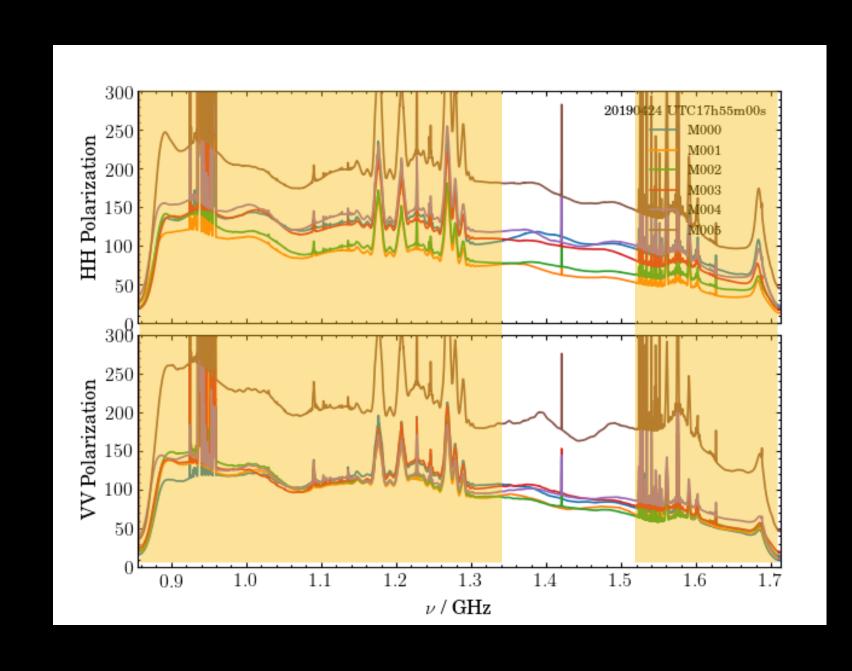
$$K = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{\omega_{\min}}^{\omega_{\max}} d\omega \operatorname{sinc}^2(\delta\nu\omega) \left(\frac{\omega_0}{\omega}\right)^{\frac{1-\beta}{\beta}}$$

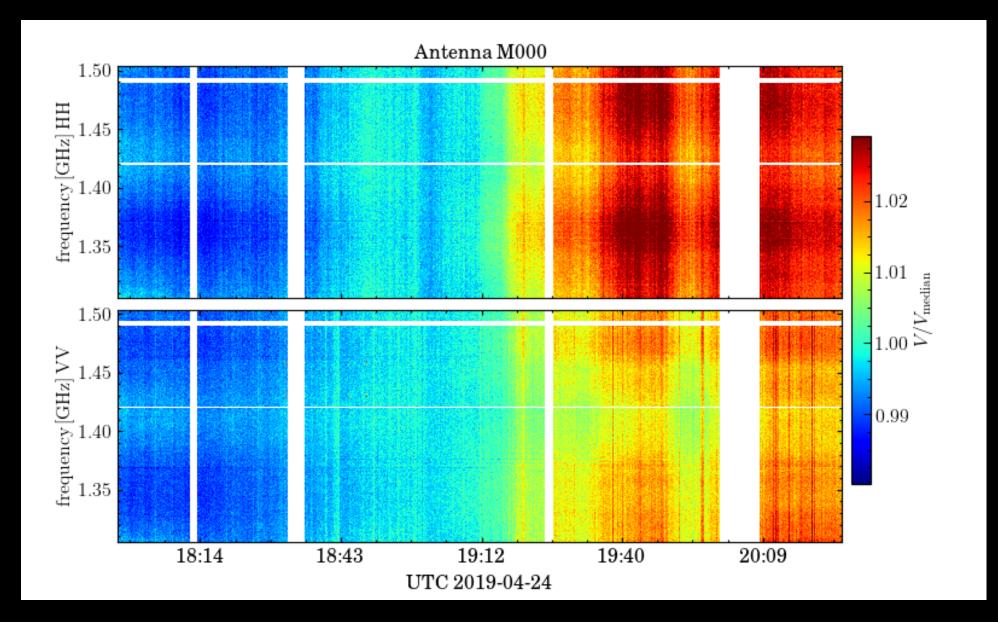
f0 = 1.e-5, alpha = 2



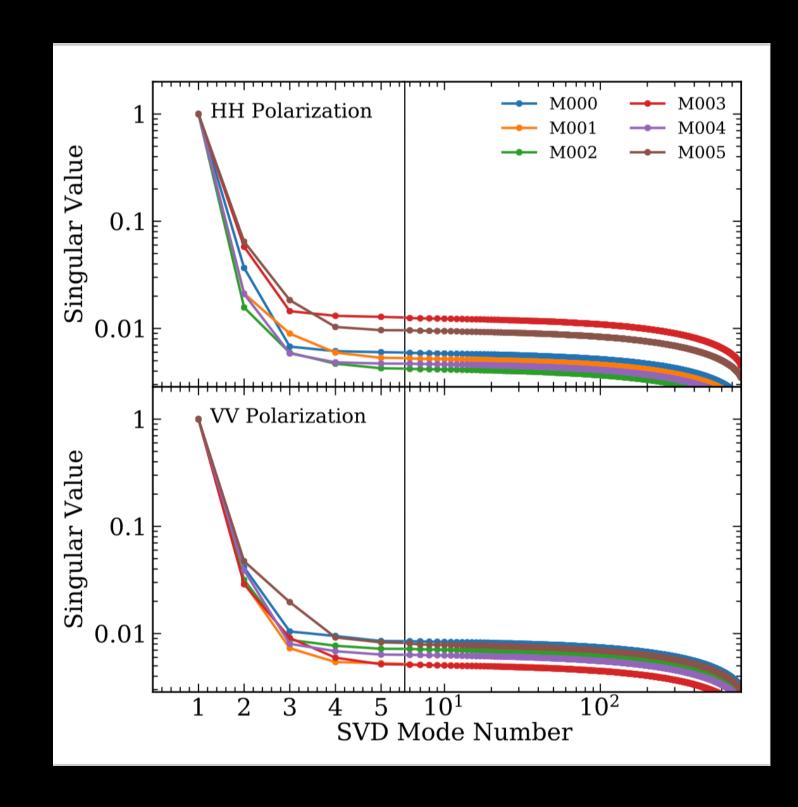


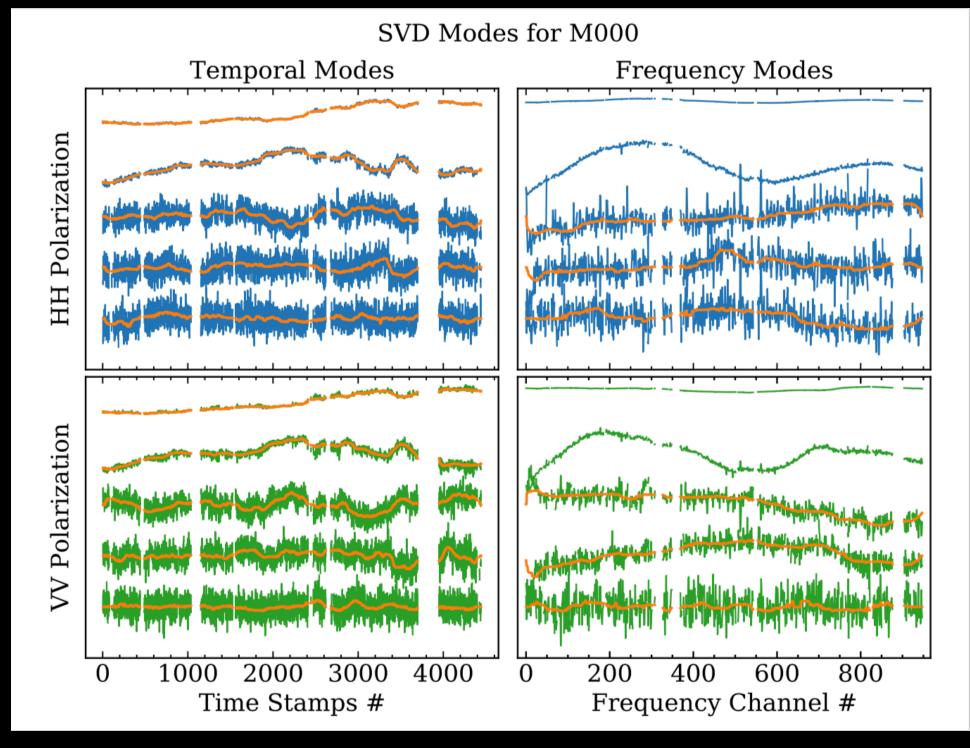
- South Celestial Pole (SCP) observation
 - 64 dishes; 2.5 hours; 2s sampling rate





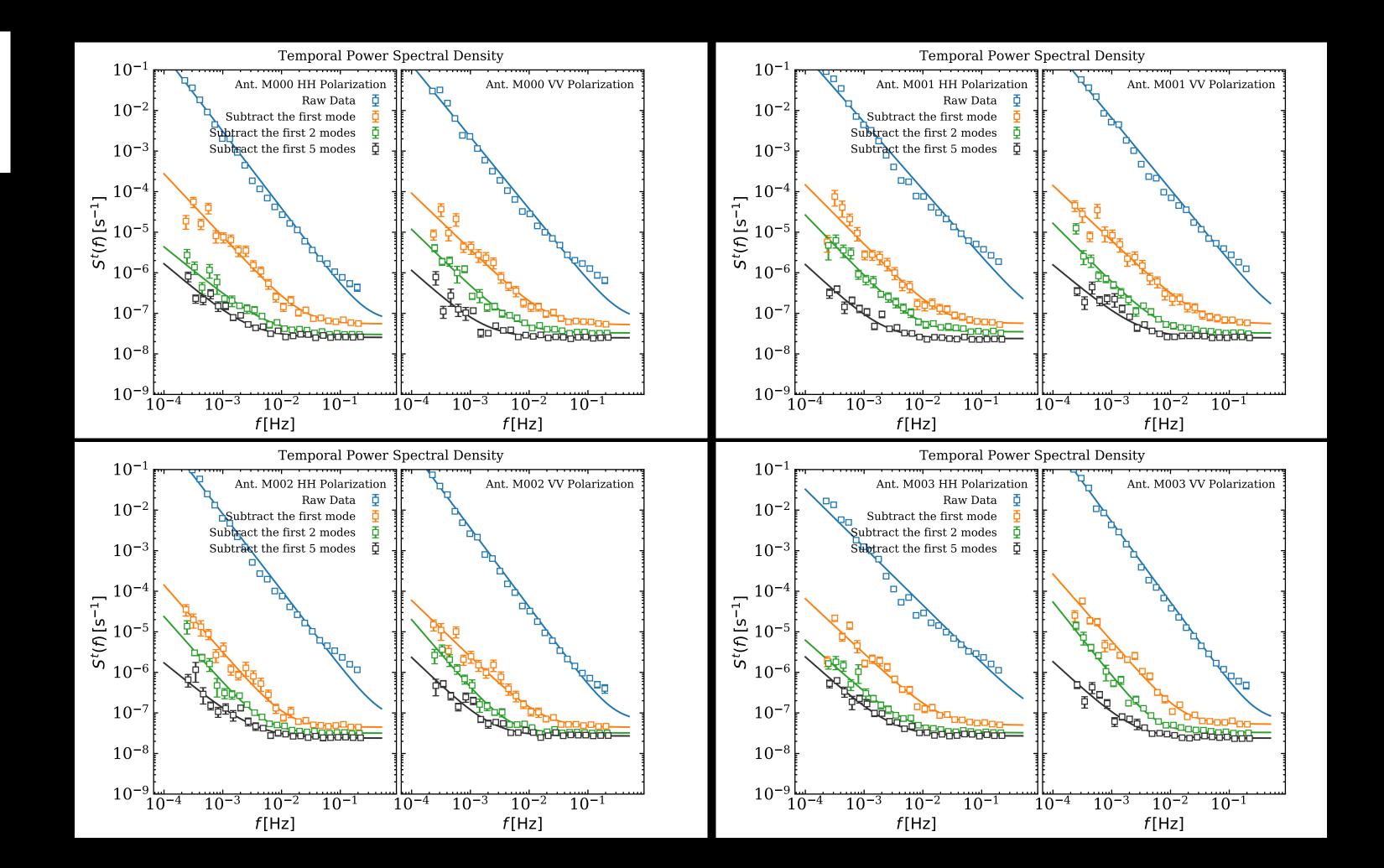
Singular Value Decomposition (SVD)





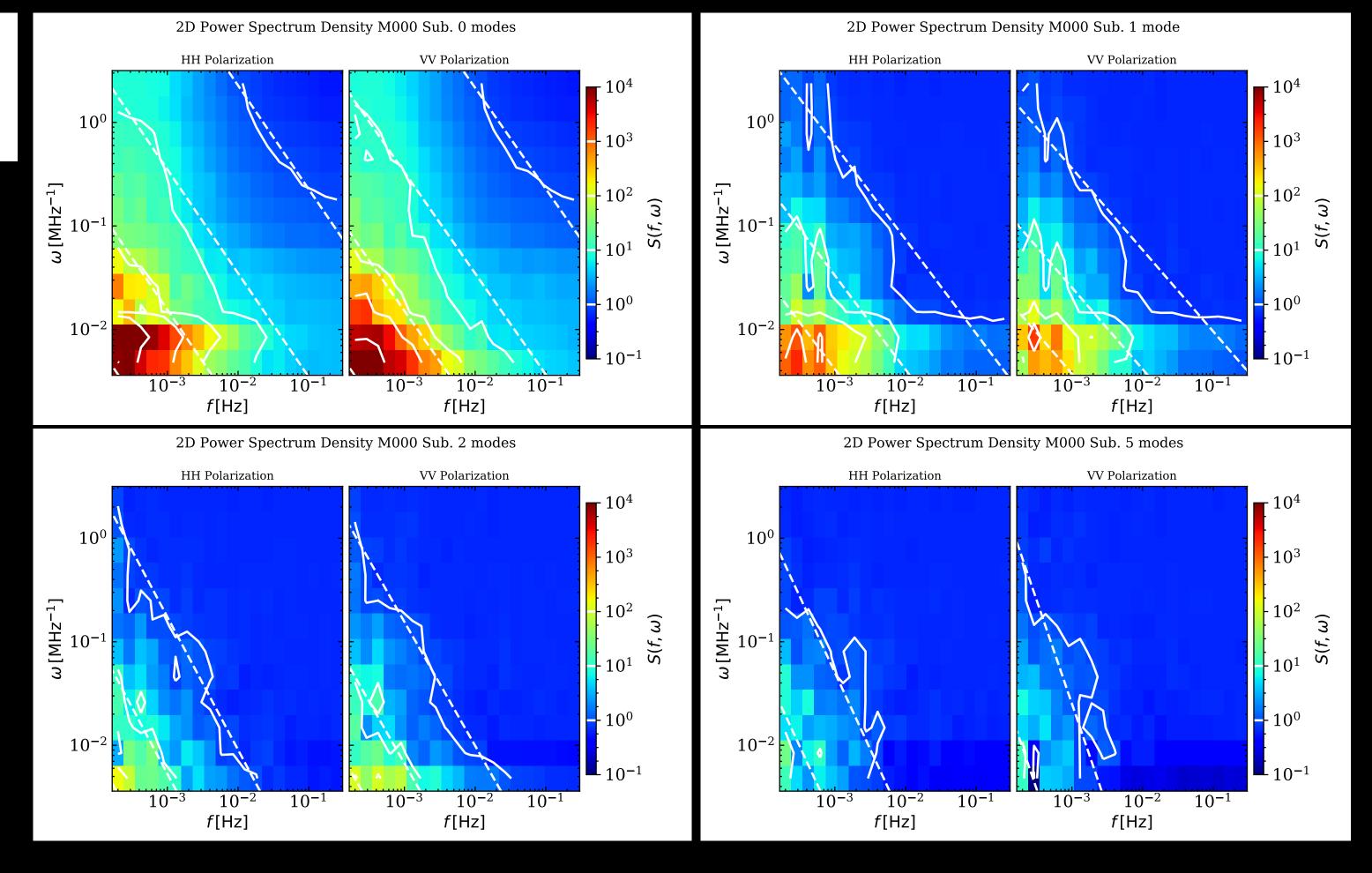
PS estimation

$$\hat{S}^{t}(f, \nu) = \left| \sqrt{\frac{\delta t}{N}} \sum_{t=1}^{N} d_{t}(\nu) \exp[-2\pi i f t \delta t] \right|^{2}$$



PS estimation

$$\hat{S}(f,\omega) = \left| \sqrt{\frac{\delta t \delta v}{N_t N_v}} \sum_{t=1}^{N_t} \sum_{v=1}^{N_v} \exp\left[-2\pi i \left(f t \delta t + \omega v \delta v \right) \right] \right|^2$$



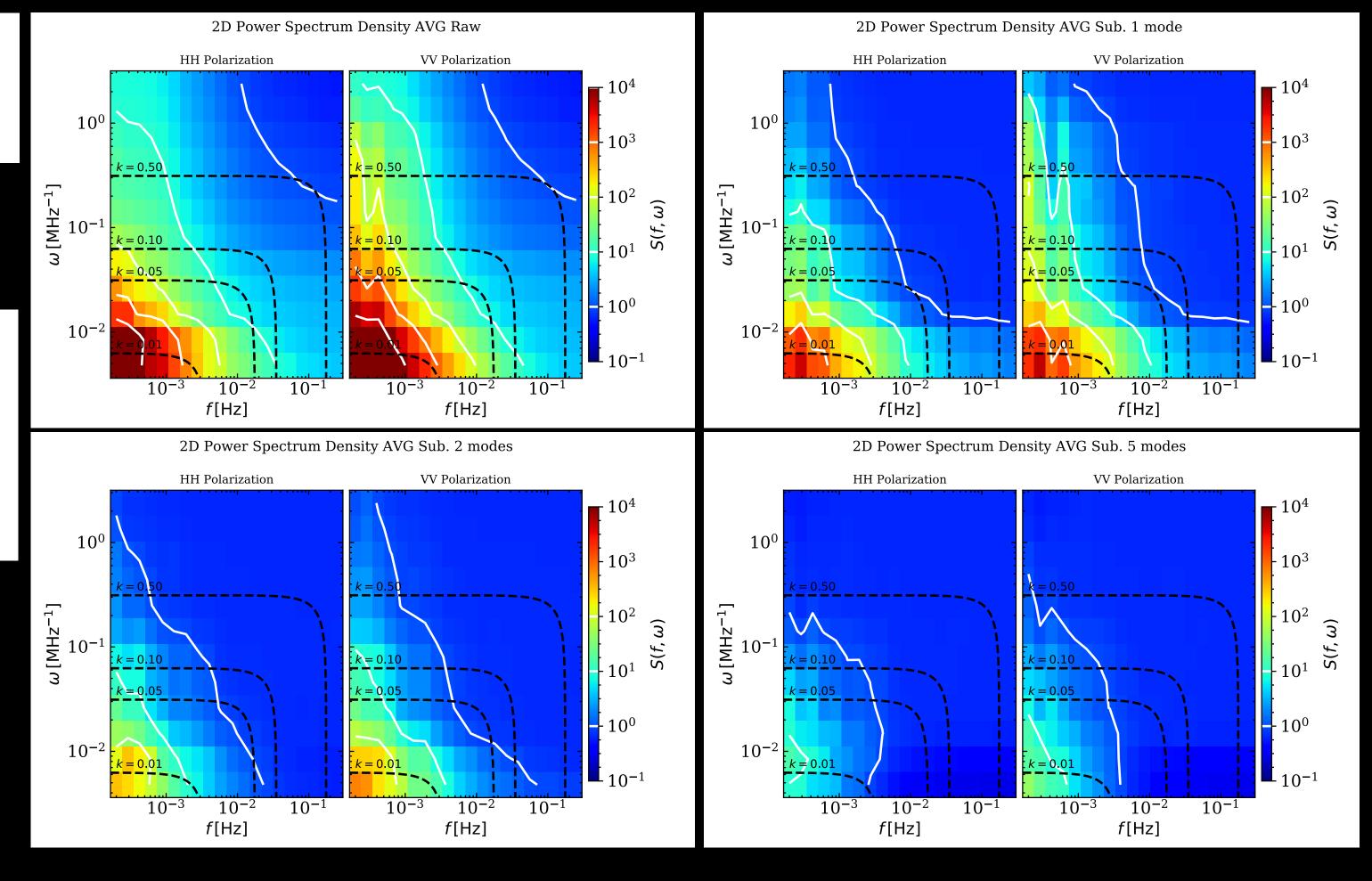
PS estimation

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$$\omega = \frac{v_0}{v_{\text{obs}}^2} \frac{c}{H(z)} \frac{k_{\parallel}}{2\pi}, \quad f = \frac{k_{\perp} \chi(z) u}{2\pi},$$

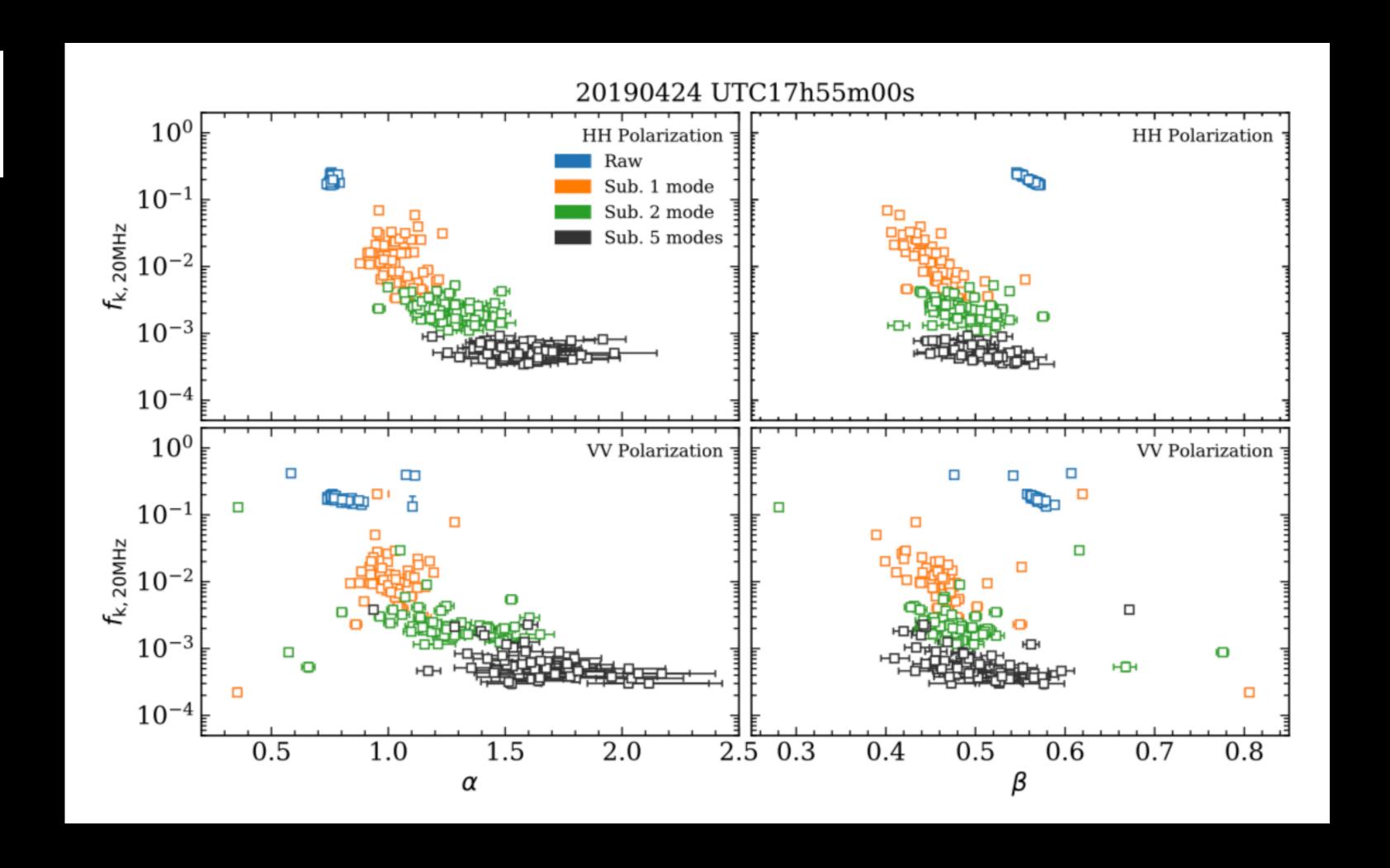
and
$$k^2 = k_{\parallel}^2 + k_{\perp}^2$$

v=900MHz, u=5arcmin/s



PS estimation

$$S(f,\omega) = A \left(1 + C \left(\frac{f_0}{f} \right)^{\alpha} \left(\frac{\omega_0}{\omega} \right)^{\frac{1-\beta}{\beta}} \right),$$



Summary

- HI IM is considered promising as a probe of cosmological LSS
- It has been test with GBT/Parkes
- We proposed a HI IM project with MeerKAT
- 1/f noise analysis for MeerKAT

Thanks

