# Stimela & Dask & Kubernauts: Cloud Workflow Management for Radio Astronomy Pipelines

Oleg Smirnov (Rhodes University & SARAO) +Simon Perkins (Rhodes), Jonathan Kenyon (Rhodes & SARAO), Landman Bester (SARAO & Rhodes), Sphesihle Makhathini (Wits U. & Rhodes)





## **Pipelines In The Cloud?**

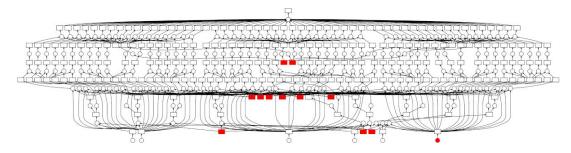
- Vera C Rubin Observatory (LSST) Science Platform on Google cloud:
  - 100 PB of data
  - "[Cloud] not cheap but great value for money"
  - "From a technical perspective, use of commodity computing is a no-brainer"
    - Frossie Economou @ADASS 2021, Rubin Science Platform on Google: the story so far
- "SKA/AWS Call For Proposals For AstroCompute In The Cloud", 2015
  - Two reports/papers in 2017 (<u>Processing public pulsar astronomy data in the Amazon</u> <u>Cloud</u>, <u>Calibration of LOFAR data on the cloud</u>) but no follow-up
  - 2021: Development of a high throughput cloud-based data pipeline for 21cm cosmology
  - If you use the cloud to just spin up an old-school compute node, then all you have is an inconveniently remote compute node with a rapidly ticking \$\$\$ meter
- The ML/data science community uses the cloud heavily in <u>novel</u> ways
- 2022: nobody is doing SKA precursor radio imaging in the cloud
  - why not?

# **Awkward Chickens / Messy Eggs**

- Data ingress/egress (mitigated by an AWS/GCE/... data centre near you)
- Awkward data formats
  - The Measurement Set is such a spectacularly successful piece of 1990s technology that we're still locked into it in 2022
  - Ill-adapted for parallel processing or even basic multithreading
  - Needs a filesystem volume (e.g. EBS), not suitable for cheaper cloud storage such as S3
- Awkward software stacks
  - The best MeerKAT images today were produced by heterogenous pipelines, using a combination of software packages from different groups
  - No e2e solution except CASA, but this doesn't serve our needs
  - Where is the new software going to come from if you can't get astronomers to test it?
  - How do you get them to test it until you have a complete cloud-based solution?
- Awkward and complex "thick/thin" workflows
  - And awkward orchestration
- Very difficult to control costs, particularly in a development environment!



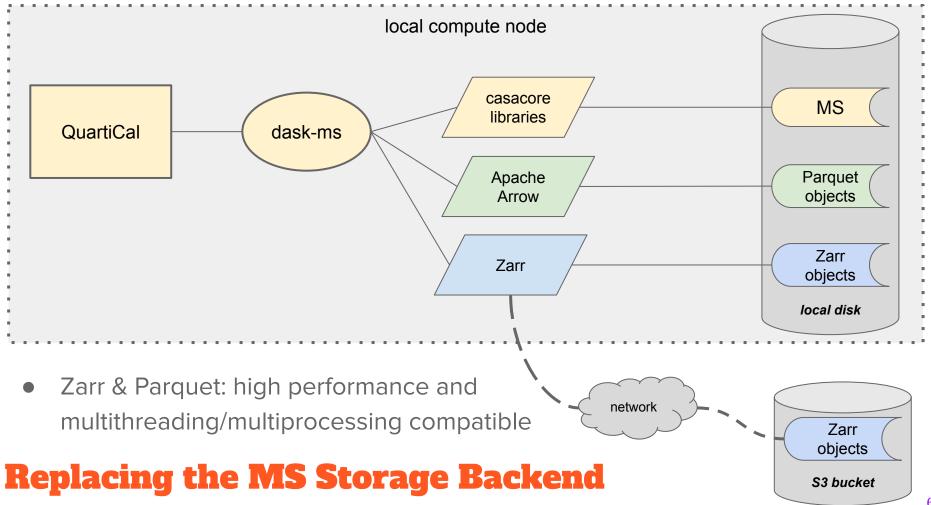
- Numpy-like arrays and dataframes implementing parallel and/or out-of-core computations
- Construct computation graph, then (lazily) evaluate it on demand
- Very popular in the PyData/Big Data/ML community
  - e.g. Pangeo (<u>https://pangeo.io/</u>) geoscience
- Achieves HPC performance comparable to traditional C/C++/MPI
- Since the intrinsic computation parallelism is encoded in the graph, clever schedulers can take advantage of this to distribute the compute



### dask-ms

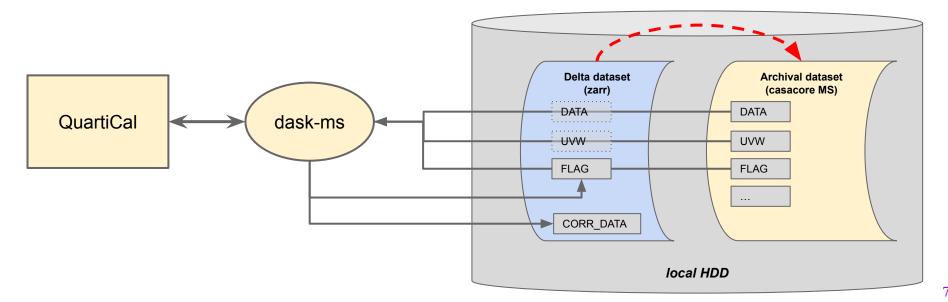
- Originally started by S. Perkins as a **dask** interface to the Measurement Set
- Attach to an MS, access it as dask arrays, and write all your computation in terms of dask array operations
- Backend for a number of RATT & SARAO products:
  - **QuartiCal** (J. Kenyon) <u>https://github.com/ratt-ru/QuartiCal</u>: calibration suite
  - **pfb-clean** (L. Bester) <u>https://github.com/ratt-ru/pfb-clean</u>: imager
  - **tricolour** (B. Hugo, S. Perkins) <u>https://github.com/ratt-ru/tricolour</u>: flagger
  - xova (S. Perkins) <u>https://github.com/ratt-ru/xova</u>: visibility data averaging, including BDA
  - **crystalball** (S. Perkins) <u>https://github.com/caracal-pipeline/crystalball</u>: DFT-based model predict
  - **shadeMS** (O. Smirnov, I. Heywood) <u>https://github.com/ratt-ru/shadeMS</u>: plotting & visualization
  - a.k.a. most of the moving parts for a selfcal pipeline...

"Dask-ms is the best documentation for the Measurement Set!" – T. Molteno

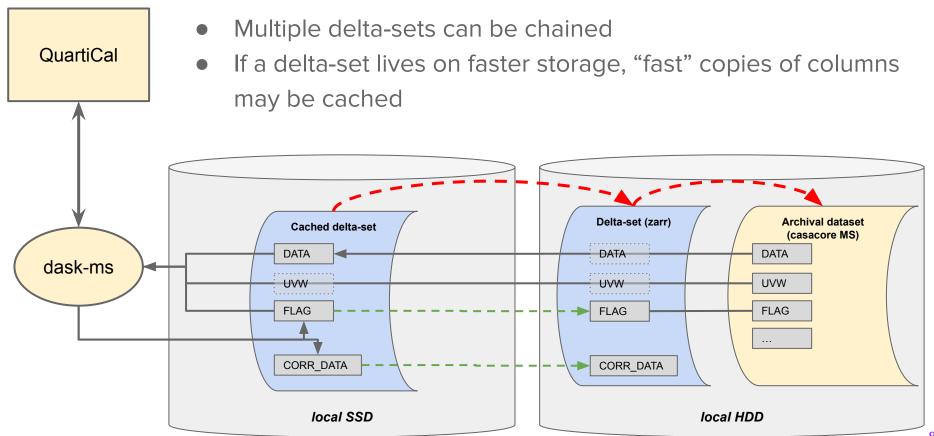


# **Dataset Versioning (RSN)**

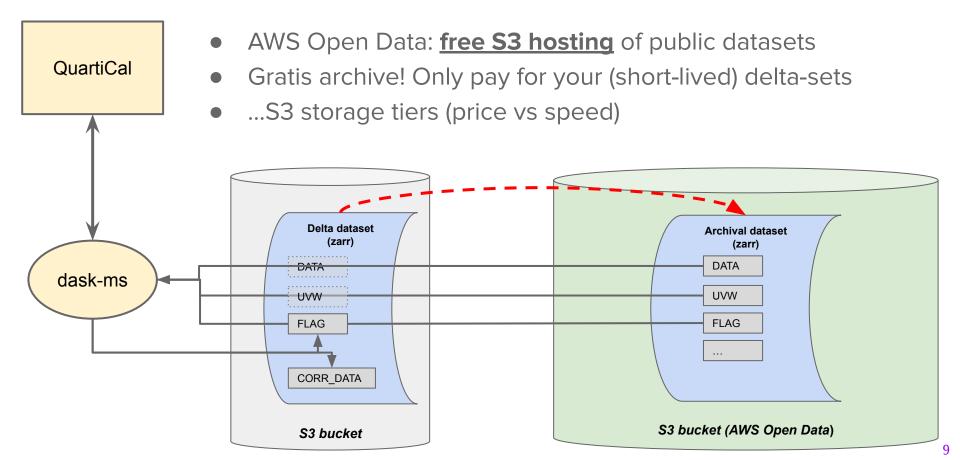
- Archival dataset lives in **readonly** form somewhere (e.g. as casacore MS)
- Delta dataset (delta-set) has a logical link to the archival dataset
  - Only stores new columns (*deltas*) that have been written out (as zarr objects)
  - $\circ$  ~ Unchanged columns pulled directly and transparently from archival dataset



# **Dataset Caching (RSN)**



# **AWS Data Deployment**



## **Software Stack Transition**

- dask-ms based applications don't care if they're running on a local node with an old-school casacore MS, or on the cloud with an S3 backend
- In local mode, QuartiCal etc. are being put to routine use today, reducing MeerKAT and VLA data
  - by astronomers i.e. testers!
- We can concentrate on developing cloud-based pipelines, while the components are being tested & validated extensively by others
  - "Most of the moving parts for a selfcal pipeline" are available, so...



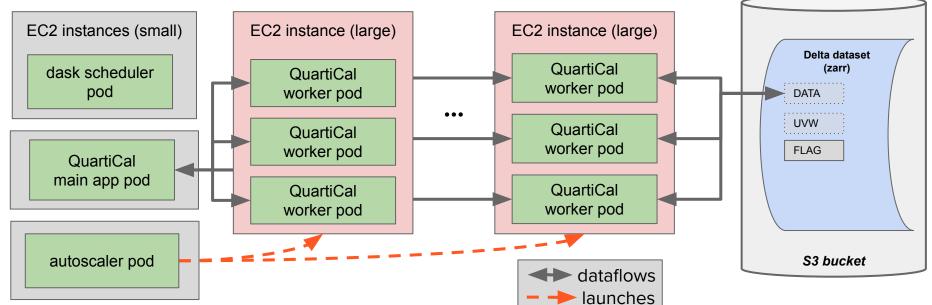


- Open source container orchestration system created by Google
  - Now maintained by Cloud Native Computing Foundation (CNCF)
  - Industry standard
  - (see Rubin Science Platform, slide 1)
- Provides services for scheduling *pods* (containers) on compute nodes to create highly available, scalable, distributed applications
- Implementations available at all levels:
  - microk8s on Linux, runs a local k8s cluster
  - Run k8s cluster in the cloud:
    - Amazon Elastic Kubernetes Service (EKS)
    - Google Kubernetes Engine (GKE)
    - Azure Kubernetes (**AKS**)
  - Same RESTful API on all implementations

https://kubernetes.io/

### **Dask Kubernetes**

- **dask-kubernetes** schedules dask applications as a set of pods
- An **autoscaler** pod launches more EC2 instances to meet application pod requirements, and scales them down once the application finishes
- Resolves the thick/thin conundrum



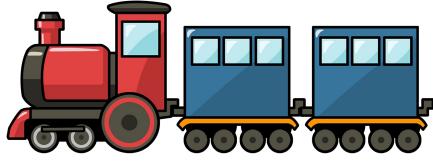
### **Kubernauts**



- Kubernauts: RATT/SARAO project to support cloud-based pipeline infrastructure
  - $\circ$  a set of scripts and (developing) best practices
- Infrastructure as Code (IAC)
- Define desired AWS + K8s state in Hashicorp Configuration Language (HCL)
- Terraform resolves **drift** between desired and actual state
- Desired state maintained in github
- Observed state maintained in **Terraform Cloud**
- Pushes to github trigger drift resolution within Terraform Cloud

#### **Stimela: All aboard**

- Stimela originally developed by
   S. Makhathini (2018 PhD @Rhodes)
   as a Docker-based application scripting framework
- Provides Docker images ("cabs") for all major astronomy software packages, and a Python API to chain cabs together into "recipes"
- A recipe is a sequence of steps, each step is a cab (application)
- Stimela takes care of running containers and passing/validating parameters
- Stimela2: next-gen rewrite



#### Stimela2: One YaML To Rule Them All

- Recipes specified using a concise YaML syntax
- Composable: recipes can be nested as steps within recipes
- Conditionals, loops, scatter/gather
- Formula language for parameter evaluation

# actual recipe steps
steps:
restoreflags:
info: restore an original flag version before starting calibration
cab: flagman
params:
mode: restore
name: =recipe.init-flags
skip: =not IFSET(recipe.init-flags)

flagsummary: info: report initial flagging statistics cab: flagsummary params: spw: =recipe.casa-spw

```
image-0:
```

info: construct initial model image using the DATA column \_use: lib.steps.wsclean.image params: prefix: =recipe.image-prefix column: DATA auto-threshold: 3 auto-mask: 7 skip: =recipe.init-model.enable tags: [never, init\_model]

#### selfcal-d2: info: second round of delay selfcal recipe: selfcal-cc-delay params: label: "{info.suffix}" predict: prefix: =previous.output-model-prefix

#### Composability Top level recipe: include: lib-137.yaml ... followed by: selfcal-d2: info: second round of delay selfcal recipe: (selfcal-cc-delay params: label: "{info.suffix}" predict: prefix: =previous.output-model-prefix

lib-137.yaml:

selfcal-cc-delay:

info: runs a basic step of delay selfcal (predict-solve-image)

```
inputs:
```

label:

dtype: str

info: label of this selfcal step, e.g. "1", "1p", etc.

ms:

aliases: [(flagman).ms, (flagsummary).ms, (wsclean).ms, (cubical).data.ms, (quartical).input\_ms.path]
info: MS name

flags:

restore:

aliases: [restoreflags.name]

info: flagversion to restore to before starting. Set to none/empty to skip flag restore.
default: =root.init-flags

required: false

save:

aliases: [saveflags.name]

info: flagversion to save to after calibration. Set to none/empty to skip flag save.
default: 'selfcal\_{current.label}'

required: false

predict:

- # pull in standard image parameters
- \_use: lib.params.imaging.base

\_scrub: '\*.dtype'
enable:

info: enables the predict step

dtype: bool

default: true

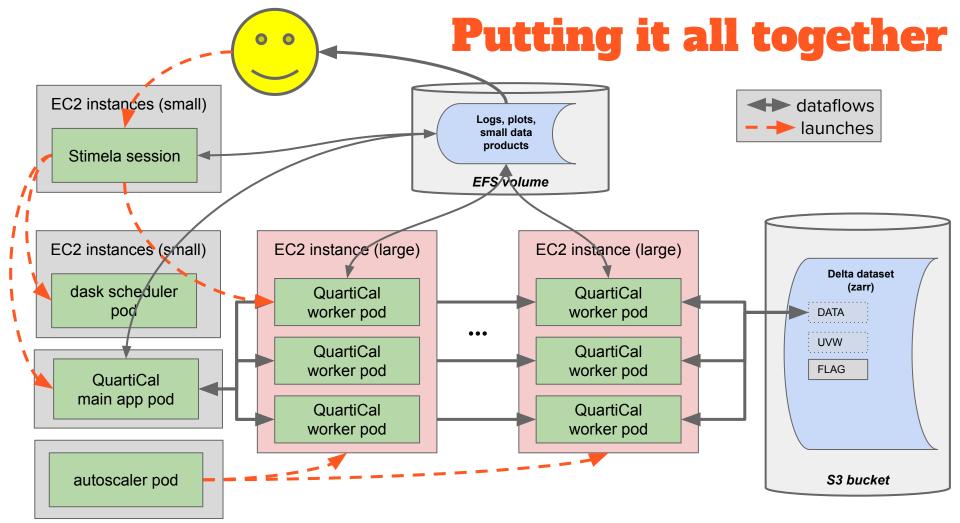
•••

#### followed by:

steps:

restoreflags: info: restores an original flag version before starting calibration cab: flagman params: mode: restore skip: =not IFSET(recipe.flags.restore)

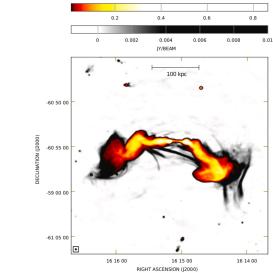
predict:



# Some (Future) Killer Apps

- Calibration & imaging challenge/contest
  - <u>Raw data</u> of MeerKAT ESO-137 observation from <u>Ramatsoku et al. 2020</u>
     will be made available via AWS Open Data on S3
  - Along with an e2e Stimela recipe, from raw data to final image
  - Run for yourself (on AWS, or on your own hardware) and try to do better?
  - "Recipe contest" not "imaging contest"
- Towards full reproducibility
  - Don't just publish a paper, publish data and recipes!
- In conclusion: passengers welcome (please mind, train is under construction)

#### https://github.com/caracal-pipeline/stimela2



#### Collimated synchrotron threads linking the radio lobes of ESO 137-006

A&A 636, L1 (2020)

Letter to the Editor

M. Ramatsoku<sup>1,2</sup>, M. Murgia<sup>2</sup>, V. Vacca<sup>2</sup>, P. Serra<sup>2</sup>, S. Makhathini<sup>1</sup>, F. Govoni<sup>2</sup>, O. Smirnov<sup>1,3</sup>, L. A. L. Andati<sup>1</sup>, E. de Blok<sup>7,5,6</sup>, G. I. G. Józsa<sup>3,1,4</sup>, P. Kamphuis<sup>9</sup>, D. Kleiner<sup>2</sup>, F. M. Maccagni<sup>2</sup>, D. Cs. Molnár<sup>2</sup>, A. J. T. Ramaila<sup>3</sup>, K. Thorat<sup>8</sup> and S. V. White<sup>1,4</sup>